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Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

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W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

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LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

The Venezuela Affair Gets Interesting

MORE ABOUT THE COREA AFFAIR.

Marquis of Salisbury Made Warden of the Cinque Ports—English Battleship Launched—Judge Brunson's Will—The Nicaragua Canal Report.

CARACAS (Venezuela), Oct. 17.—For a week the greatest activity has prevailed here, troops being hastily rushed in all directions. It is claimed that a revolutionary expedition is now off Oruba preparing to land men and arms. Arms from Buenos Ayres are reported to have been landed on the coast Sunday.

A renewed protest has been sent to the Dutch authorities at Curacao against allowing conspirators against Crespo to meet and conspire there publicly. Already there have been fights at Coro, Valencia, Areu and Barinas, and a considerable revolutionary force is now reported as being near the city of San Carlos. The government is afraid to send troops from this city as riots are threatened here and the troops at this garrison are reported to be mostly dissatisfied.

President Crespo is afraid to move unless surrounded by guards. His reorganized cabinet threatens to resign, which but increases the great disorder. Government officials call public attention to a claim that they have received news from the United States that the government will sustain the Crespo administration. The question of asking for a protectorate by the United States over this country is being urged and openly discussed.

At Areu Monday morning at daylight government troops were attacked, and surprised, and after a short but decisive combat the rebels entered the town, the government troops retreating pursued by the rebels, who were trying to provoke another fight. Colonel Mateo, who commanded the rebels, organized a new government for Areu. At the same time another rebel force under Colonel Sam Martin attacked Coro, but the garrison there drove the assailants back. Several more attacks were made during the day with the same result, but the next day at noon the rebels forced the troops to evacuate the town, many troops deserting and joining the rebels. On Tuesday afternoon there was a rising among the troops garrisoning Valencia, but after a stubborn fight the rebels were forced to leave the town, which they yet besiege, being re-enforced.

The commander of the garrison sent repeated requests here for re-enforcements, saying he would have to surrender unless aided soon. At Barinas on Monday the garrison mutinied, and after locking the officers inside the guardhouse, proclaimed in favor of the revolution. Troops, it is said, committed many excesses, and are believed to have killed their officers. A rebel force of over 150 is now threatening San Carlos. Their commander, Colonel Petri, says that when expected re-enforcements arrive he will march on this city.

MINISTER KURINO TALKS.

A Statement of Japan's Policy Toward Corea.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Last Friday Mr. Kurino, the Japanese Minister furnished for publication a statement concerning the policy of Japan toward Corea, in which, among other things, he said: "The treaty of Shimonoseki signed by Japan and China, recognized the independence of Corea, and Japan has fully complied with the letter and spirit of that treaty."

Reference to the official print of the record shows that Mr. Kurino is correct so far as China is concerned, but there appears to be nothing in the treaty which can be construed as a recognition of the independence of Corea by Japan. The first memorandum which the plenipotentiaries of Japan submitted to those from China at the conference concerning the terms of peace on the 1st of April contains the following:

"Article 1. China recognizes, definitely, the full and complete independence and autonomy of Corea, and, in consequence, payment of tribute and performance of ceremonies and formalities by Corea to China, in derogation of such independence shall cease for the future."

In the reply of China to this proposition, submitted April 5th, occurs the following language: "The Chinese Government some months ago indicated its willingness to recognize the full and complete independence of Corea, and guarantee the complete neutrality of Corea, and is ready to insert such stipulations in the treaty. But, in due reciprocity, such stipulations should likewise be made by Japan." And in her counterdraft of the treaty of peace the Chinese plenipotentiaries amended the first article by inserting the words "and Japan" in the first line, so it reads, "China and Japan recognize," etc.

On the 10th of April the Japanese plenipotentiaries submitted their re-

ply, in which they decline to accept this amendment and "find it necessary to adhere to Article 1 as originally presented." They repeat the same refusal in their ultimatum.

In the treaty of peace as finally signed on the 7th of April, Article 1 appears, word for word, as it was originally submitted by Japan and as above quoted. Nor is there anything in any part of the treaty that may be construed as a recognition of the independence of Corea by Japan.

MORE CHINESE EXECUTED.

Corea's King Asks Protection of Foreign Representatives.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—The World has the following from Foo Chow: Mabel Hartford's assault and thirteen others convicted of taking part in the Hwasang massacre were put to death this morning at Kucheng. The execution was witnessed by the Foreign Consular Commission, the Chinese prefect, the District Magistrate and a great crowd. There was no disturbance.

The Herald has the following from Seoul. The King's father, who is wielding supreme power, still imprisoning those whom he believes to be his enemies. The King, whose authority is completely overshadowed, is in fear of his life, and the thirty-four representatives here of foreign powers have been asked to unite in affording him protection.

I have just received a private message from Tokio informing me of victories gained in Formosa by the Japanese, and stating that the Black Flags are expected to surrender at an early date.

It was decided today at Peking that China will pay 30,000,000 taels to Japan for the retrocession of Liao Tung promontory. This arrangement has been concluded with the assent of the powers.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 22.—Private advices from Kin Chow say the disaster to the steamer Kun Pai occurred in the morning of October 14th about twenty miles from Kin Chow. Captain Soden, the first and second mates, first and second engineers and one passenger are dead.

The steamer was 700 soldiers aboard when the first powder explosion occurred, setting the vessel on fire. The crew worked hard for half an hour to extinguish the flames, when there was a second explosion, which almost wrecked the vessel.

The captain and the chief officer, who were wounded in the first explosion, tried to get a boat lowered, but the soldiers, rushing pell-mell to the davits, broke it away and the boat was smashed by a heavy sea.

The survivors, who were the third engineer and 200 soldiers, remained with the wreck for seventeen hours. Twenty-seven of the wounded were brought to land and were placed in the hospital at Kin Chow. The victims presented a dreadful appearance.

UNITED STATES AND CUBA.

The Administration Not Ready to Recognize.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—A Washington special to the Times-Herald says Cuba was under discussion in the Cabinet today. The discussion lasted nearly three hours. It is believed a definite policy as to Cuba was agreed upon, and that inquiry on the part of the United States into the condition of affairs in Cuba will be recommended to Congress. While it is generally believed that an order was issued today for the preparation of a dispatch proposing such an inquiry to the Spanish Government, no confirmation thereof can be had in Cabinet circles, where unusual reticence is found.

During the last week Secretary Olney has been in conference with two or three Ministers from South American countries who are eager to further the movement for recognition of the belligerent rights of the insurgents. These Ministers want the United States to agree to joint action with a number of South American republics. Brazil is one of the leading spirits in this movement and stands ready to recognize belligerency whenever the United States will do so, though Minister Mendonca said today it was not true Brazil had already accorded recognition to Cuba.

Secretary Olney has informed these Ministers that it is not the policy of the Administration to recognize the belligerency of Cuba at the present time.

TO COST \$100,000,000.

Forecast of Report of Nicaragua Canal Commission.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The Herald's Washington correspondent telegraphs. It is understood here that the report of the engineering commission which visited Nicaragua last summer will favor the construction of an inter-oceanic canal, but that it will not recommend the entire route already surveyed and upon which, it is alleged, work costing in the aggregate several millions of dollars has been performed.

It is also believed that the commissioners will place the cost of the canal at a much greater sum than that estimated by the Maritime Canal Company, whose charter it is proposed that the government shall purchase. It is expected that the commission's report will assert that the waterway cannot be built and the harbors on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts placed in proper condition for a sum much less than \$100,000,000.

The Waller Case.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Mrs. John L. Waller, wife of the former United States Consul to Madagascar, arrived in this city today on the Dutch steamship Amsterdam. She was accompanied by her three daughters and young son. She said that she could add but little to the reports already

made public of her husband's confinement in the prison at Marcellas.

"There is one thing I would like to say, however," Mrs. Waller said. "Embassador Eutis has been harshly criticized for not aiding us as much as he might have done. There is no truth in that report. The whole trouble lay with Robert Campbell, my husband's predecessor. He promised me to cable the authorities at Washington, asking for their assistance, but, instead of doing so he wrote, thus causing me an unnecessary delay of nearly three months."

"I shall go to Washington at once and there try to make arrangements for my husband's release. He is most unjustly imprisoned."

Mrs. Waller says that if Mr. Waller had not been detained at Tamatave by Consul Wetter, who unwarrantably questioned some of her husband's official acts, Waller would not have been arrested.

JUDGE BRUNSON'S WILL.

A Remarkable Document—Mrs. Stone-

man a Legatee Under the Will.

SAN BERNARDINO, Oct. 18.—J. G. Anson Brunson's last will and testament was filed in the County Clerk's office in this city this morning, and it is safe to say that no more remarkable document can be found in the archives of this or any other county. It recalls the sensation that thrilled Los Angeles and the whole State a few years ago by confirming all the gifts to Mrs. Stone-man ever made by J. G. Brunson and disposes of no other part of his estate.

It is a holographic instrument and bears the date of February 4, 1894. The will is as follows:

"For disposition of a portion of my personal estate, I hereby will that at my death all articles of every description now or by me hereafter placed in the home and care of my dear and faithful friend, Mary O. H. Stone-man, shall be and remain her personal and separate property forever, and title thereto shall permanently vest in her upon probate of this will, without further proceedings in or out of or by any court whatever."

"Dated Los Angeles, February 5, 1894."

"(Signed) A. D. BRUNSON."

It is stated that the estate consists of personal property worth in all about \$2000 and that the only heir at law is a daughter, 7 years of age, whose residence is in Illinois.

THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

An Early Meeting of the National Committee Probable.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Senator Thos. H. Carter, chairman of the Republican National Committee, was seen at the Holland House tonight and questioned about the conference of the members of the committee. He said: "There has been a little informal conference, at which an effort was made to gather opinions regarding the date for the meeting of the full committee. It has not been fixed yet, and it will not be till we have had time to hear from more of the members, probably not until the middle of next week. The meeting will probably be the last of November or the 1st of December. Those on hand tonight were General Clarkson, Mr. Hahn of Ohio and myself."

It is said tonight that General Clarkson, representing Senator Allison and Secretary Hahn, the personal friend of William McKinley, Jr., were a unit for an early Presidential convention.

Speaker Reed declined to discuss the matter, but Chairman Joseph H. Manley wired from Denver that he hoped the convention would be held in May or early in June, and that he was on his way to San Francisco to ascertain what inducements would be offered for holding the convention there.

MANDERSON IS CONFIDENT.

Says That Bowler Erred in the Sugar Bounty Cases.

WASHINGTON (D. C.), Oct. 17.—Secretary Carlisle is vexed at the inaction of the counsel for the sugar claimants, and yesterday telegraphed to Senator Manderon that he would send Comptroller Bowler's opinion in the case of the Oxnard Beet-Sugar Company to the United States Court of Claims by October 28th, unless he set the date when he would appear and argue before the Secretary of the Treasury the question of the jurisdiction of the Comptroller of the Treasury.

Today Senator Manderon replied from Omaha that he hoped to be in Washington to argue the question by November 10th. Senator Manderon says that he has no doubt Comptroller Bowler had no jurisdiction in the sugar bounty case. He asserts that to send the Comptroller's opinion to the Court of Claims for final decision without the consent of the claimants is unwarranted in law. Both points, Manderon contends, are unassailable, and he will so hold in his argument before Secretary Carlisle.

Mackay, Jr. Dead.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—The funeral of John W. Mackay Jr., who died Friday evening from injuries received by being thrown from his horse at his chateau in the department of Sarthe, is fixed to take place in this city tomorrow at noon at the Roman Catholic Church of St. Ferdinand des Terres. After the obsequies the body will be placed in the vault of the church pending its shipment to Havre to be conveyed to America, probably on Saturday.

Mrs. Mackay, the young man's mother, is still confined to her bed, completely prostrated with grief and it is not expected that she will be able to attend the funeral.

To Be Retired.

WASHINGTON (D. C.), Oct. 21.—A sensation in naval circles was caused

today by the announcement that Rear Admiral Kirkland, commanding the European naval station of the United States, had been detached from duty and ordered home.

It is expected that Admiral Kirkland will apply at once to be placed on the retired list. Commodore Thos. O. Selfridge, Jr., will succeed him as commanding officer of the European station.

INDEPENDENCE OF COREA.

Soldiers to Protect Citizens—Russia Will do Her Duty.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—A special to the Eclair from St. Petersburg says that an exchange of communications has occurred between the Russian government and the Japanese Minister at St. Petersburg with reference to the recent disorders at Seoul, the capital of Corea.

The Japanese Minister assured the Russian government that the culprits should be punished, but Russia is said to have replied that she would be forced, in consequence of the riots, to take steps considered necessary to preserve order and make the Korean government independent of foreign interference.

The dispatch continues: As to the course proposed, Russia will do her duty, whatever is entailed, without toying to inquire whether other powers like it or do not like it. She will never abandon Corea, and will protect her against all encroachments.

YOKOHAMA, Oct. 18.—The Japanese Minister, Mura, and the other members of the legation, and the Japanese military officers at Seoul, have been recalled.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The Sun's Washington correspondent telegraphs. Mr. Kurino, the Japanese Minister, in the course of an interview today on the Korean question, said: "Japan has no purpose whatever of establishing a protectorate over Corea. This can be stated with absolute positiveness. The treaty of Shimonoseki, signed by Japan and China, recognized the complete independence of Corea, and Japan has fully complied with the letter and spirit of the treaty. The Japanese soldiers now in Corea are there for police purposes only. They do not constitute an army of occupation or conquest, and no significance can be attached to their presence, except that Japan is desirous of protecting her citizens in Corea."

ANGRY WITH PORTUGAL.

Report That Italy Has Severed Diplomatic Relations.

ROME, Oct. 22.—As an outcome of the King of Portugal's postponement of his promised visit to Rome, on account of the Pope's opposition, it is reported that Italy has suspended diplomatic relations with Portugal. The Pope's opposition to the visit is due to the difficulty the Catholic monarch would be under in being received by both the Quirinal and the Vatican.

WARDEN OF THE CINQUE PORTS.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The Marquis of Salisbury has been appointed Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, in place of Lord Dufferin, resigned.

Austrian Sugar Trust.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—A Vienna dispatch to the Chronicle says the sugar trust, comprising all but two of the Austro-Hungarian refineries, has been formed to limit the yearly output of sugar for two years to 250,000 tons.

Court Matters.

Judge Cooper has admitted the will of the late Thomas Sorenson to probate, and ordered letters testamentary to issue to Karen Sophia Sorenson and Olaf L. Sorenson without bonds.

Chief Justice Judd has handed down a decision overruling the exceptions in the case of Lee Yick, convicted in the Circuit Court of having opium in possession.

A. S. Hartwell has filed notice withdrawing a petition for letters of administration of the estate of the late Ellen Dominis Mott-Smith, it having been learned since the filing of petition that deceased left a will.

A hearing of the petition of G. W. Kahaawanaikali for letters of administration on the estate of Haemoepule is ordered for November 29.

The accounts of Kamakee, executrix of estate of Kaialo, have been approved by Judge Cooper and administrator ordered discharged.

The Road Race.

Prizes for the H. A. A. C road race will be on show in McInerney's window today. Following is a list of the same: If A. A. C trophy, a diamond scarf pin, Hawaiian Hardware Company, a parlor lamp, E. O. Hall & Son, a Winchester rifle. The fourth prize is a pair of bicycle shoes and stockings, the former being donated by M. McInerney and the latter by J. J. Egan. The winner of the road race will be given the H. A. A. C trophy and his choice of the other prizes, the second man will be given his choice of the remainder and so on.

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FOR SAN FRANCISCO	FOR SAN FRANCISCO
OR VANCOUVER	OR VANCOUVER
On or about	On or about
China Oct. 29	Australia Oct. 28
Australia Nov. 15	Mowara Nov. 1
Mariposa Nov. 21	Coatic Nov. 1
Mowara Nov. 24	Monwai Nov. 14
Warrimoo Nov. 28	Aus rail Nov. 20
Warrimoo Dec. 3	Warrimoo Dec. 2
W. Peking Dec. 28	City Peking Dec. 6
	Mowara Jan. 1

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

VESSELS IN PORT

MERCHANTMEN.

(This list does not include coasters.)
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Bk Andrew Welch, Drew, San Francisco
Bk C. D. Bryant, Jacobson, Laysan Island.
Ship Mark Hackfeld, Walters, Liverpool.
Bk Albert Griffiths, San Francisco.
Bk Ceylon Calhoun, Departure Bay.
Bk R. P. Rutherford, Morrison, San Francisco.
Bk Amy Turner, Warland, New York.
Bk City of Adelaide, Williamson, Newcastle.
Bk Star Australia, Houdlette, San Francisco.
Bk S. N. Castle, Hubbard, S. F.

FOREIGN VESSELS EXPECTED.

Vessels. Where from. Due
Br bk Alden Grove, Liverpool, Oct. 28
Ger bk J. C. Puffer, Bremen, Oct. 28
Ger bk H. Hackfeld, New York, Oct. 28
Sch Spokane, Port Gambier, Oct. 28
Sch Wilder, S. F., Oct. 30
C. S. S. Mowara, Colonies, Nov. 1
W. H. Dimond, S. F., Nov. 2
C. S. S. Warrimoo, Colonies, Nov. 2
C. S. S. Alden, S. F., Nov. 3
C. S. S. Coptic, China, Nov. 6
C. S. S. O. S. S. Coptic, China, Nov. 6
Bk P. S. S. Castle, Liverpool, Dec. 30

ARRIVALS.

TUESDAY, Oct. 22.
Stm Likelike, Weisbarth, from Hawaii.
Stm W. G. Hall, Simerson, from Maui and Hawaii.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 23.
Stm Kilauea Hou, Weir, from Hawaii.
Bk S. N. Castle, Hubbard, from San Francisco.

THURSDAY, Oct. 24.
R. M. S. S. Alameda, Von Ottendorf, from San Francisco.

DEPARTURES.

TUESDAY, Oct. 22.
Stm Claudine, Cameron, for Maui and Hawaii.
Stm James M. Keene, Peterson, for Kapa.
Stm Mikahala, Haglund, for Kauai ports.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 23.
U. S. S. Olympia, Read, for Japan.
Stm Waialeale, Gregory, for Labaina, Kurehake, and Honolulu.

THURSDAY, Oct. 24.
R. M. S. S. Alameda, Von Ottendorf, for the Colonies via Samoa.
Brig Consuelo, Jacobsen, for San Francisco.
Stm Likelike, Weisbarth, for Pauhaui, Kurehake, and Honolulu.
Stm Kilauea Hou, Weir, for Olowalu, Kipahulu, Honolulu, Pohakamau, Pepeekeo, Papaikou, and Hilo at 5 p. m.

FRIDAY, Oct. 25.
Br Andrew Welch, Drew, for San Francisco.
Stm W. G. Hall, Simerson, for Labaina, Maui, Kurehake, and Honolulu at 10 a. m.
Stm Kilauea Hou, Weir, for Olowalu, Kipahulu, Honolulu, Pohakamau, Pepeekeo, Papaikou, and Hilo at 5 p. m.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVALS.
From Hawaii and Maui, per stm W. G. Hall, Oct. 22—C. M. Walton, wife and son, Geo. Clarke, R. R. Berg, Theo. Wills, P. A. Dias, C. B. Wells, W. A. Scott, D. Noonan, Sam'l Nowlin, C. J. Falk, A. Swanson, Geo. Apiki, M. Kaneane, J. P. Silva, Mrs. C. L. Bishop, 4 children and 2 servants, M. A. McWayne, Mrs. V. V. Hubbard, Mrs. M. A. Wayne, Mrs. Sarah Cockett, Miss Helen Cockett, the Misses Marlow, Miss Lind, Master Lind, Master McWayne, Master Melville Monarrat, Master Eugene Todd, Master Louis Wills, Master J. Yates, Master G. Kawaha, Master D. Yowell, Ah Chu, Ah Yon, Ah Sam and 51 on deck.
DEPARTURES.
For Kapa, per stm James M. Keene, Oct. 22, 2 children.
For Maui and Hawaii, per stm Claudine, Oct. 22, Mrs. A. M. Spruill and 2 children, Mrs. Estelle, Mrs. J. H. Kaleo, S. K. Kamae, M. Chimura, Brother Frank, Brother Thomas, Rev. Father Noel, Rebecca Panui, P. Olivet and son, Wong Chuk and wife, Tai Sin Wong, Kan Tong Ho, Lou Joe, W. P. Hain, Hendon Apa, Master Akau, Miss Alin, Mrs. Colburn, Rev. H. Kihara, Ahbin, Asang, Agong, Miss Mary Lou and C. F. Kemmer.

For Maui, per stm Waialeale, Oct. 23, Mrs. L. M. F. Ferreira, M. Gonzales, Mrs. W. M. Scholler, C. Scrimgeour, R. B. Bryant and 21 on deck.
For Maui and Hawaii, per stm Likelike, Oct. 24, 3 children.
For the Colonies, per R. M. S. S. Alameda, Oct. 24, W. G. Smith, G. N. Wilcox, Mrs. J. Dean, Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Theo. Farrer, wife and child.

BORN.
BAILEY—In this city October 22, 1895, at the Maternity Home to the wife of George H. Bailey a son.
BURGESS—At Kailua, Kona, Hawaii, October 12, 1895, to the wife of Alexander Burgess a daughter.
TENNEY—At Honolulu, October 24, 1895, to the wife of E. D. Tenney a son.

DIED.
BURGESS—At Kailua, Kona, Hawaii, October 2, 1895, Charlotte Nanihuekolu, widow of Alexander Burgess, aged 40 years and 3 months. The deceased leaves a husband and nine children to mourn her loss.



The schooner J. G. North is due at Honolulu.

S. A. Gunst is now purser of the Kilauea Hou.

There are several cases of gripe among the crew of the Bennington.

The Australia will sail at 4 p. m. tomorrow for San Francisco.

The W. H. Dimond sailed from San Francisco for this port Oct. 16th.

The S. P. Hitchcock, now anchored in the stream, will sail about the end of the month.

The Kilauea Hou will sail for Olowalu, Kipahulu, Honoum, Pohakamau, Pepeekeo, Papaikou and Hilo at 5 p. m. today.

The brig Consuelo, Jacobsen master, sailed for San Francisco yesterday with 4400 bags of sugar from this port and 1390 in transit from Hilo.

The bark Andrew Welch will sail for San Francisco this morning with 12,869 bags of sugar, valued at \$31,544.12. She will take two passengers.

The O. S. S. Alameda, Ottendorf master, arrived yesterday morning, seven days from San Francisco. She sailed in the afternoon for the Colonies, via Samoa.

VALLEJO, Oct. 12.—There are two vessels to go into commission soon—the Boston and the Adams. The Boston's crew has been about completed. She will go into commission on October 25th. The Adams will not take a full complement, as it is the intention of the Navy Department merely to make her a sort of receiving ship at Sitka, like the Nipsic at Port Orchard.

When the bark Alden Bessie was put in the California dry dock it was found that she had coral on her bottom. It is supposed by Captain Potter that the coral insects got to work on the bark while lying at Honolulu, and remained with the vessels on the trip north, being finally killed by the cold Alaskan waters at Karluk. The Alden Bessie will sail for Port Blakely to load lumber for Honolulu. Captain Potter says he expects to make the smartest run of the season, as his vessel is in fine order and ready to sail a race for a cup. Captain Potter is paying the full rate of wages.—S. F. Call.

Wood Versus Metal Ships.

The ship Manuel Llaguno arrived at this port May 16th with a full general cargo from New York. She discharged, took in 500 tons of ballast and sailed for Honolulu May 25th. Arrived at Honolulu June 6th and discharged ballast. On June 30th she sailed for New York with a cargo of 2730 tons sugar stowed under her hatches. She arrived at New York October 10th, 102 days from Honolulu, and 147 days from date of arrival here from New York. The metal ships Troop and Tillie E. Starbuck and the Helen Brewer, from Honolulu for New York, which sailed respectively on May 25th, June 25th and June 18th, have not as yet been reported at destination. The Starbuck left this port for Honolulu two days before the Llaguno, and arrived at Honolulu two days before her rival, each making the same passage down. She got away from the Islands five days ahead of the Llaguno, but the wooden ship had beaten her thoroughly on the trip home. It is reported the sugar crop on the islands will be unusually large this year, and a much larger proportion than ever before will be shipped direct to the Atlantic coast which will tend to steady freights here, if the crop of grain is small or the list of tonnage large, and advance them if conditions are favorable for shipping.

F. Commercial News

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Williams, Dimond & Co.'s Latest Circular.

SUGAR STEADILY ADVANCING.

China Refined in Bags Unchanged. Beets Running 15 Per Cent—A Syndicate Buying in London To Sell in France—Quotations.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 14.—Sugar—The Western Sugar Refining Company made a further advance in prices of refined on the 28th ult., quoting prices of principal grades on that date as follows: Cube, crushed and powdered, 5½¢; Dry Granulated, 5¢; Confectioners' A, 4½¢; Magnolia A, 4¢; Extra C, 3½¢; Golden C, 3½¢. Since that date prices have remained unchanged. Price for export has continued on the basis for 4¢ for Granulated. The refinery is still offering the China brand of refined in bags at ½¢ per lb below net cash price of their Standard Granulated, which makes the price today for that brand 4½¢. The Alameda Beet Sugar Company is supplying its regular customers at 4½¢, but selling only in limited quantities. The beets of this refinery are now running 15 per cent, and if favorable weather continues the outlook for this campaign is exceedingly good. Reports from other beet factories in the State are also most encouraging, as well as from the Utah Beet Sugar Company. It is expected that this year will demonstrate fully that these sugars can be produced profitably without any protection from our Government, and if this is so the production will no doubt be generally increased.

Basis—There have been the following changes since our last circular according to sales of centrifugals reported in New York, viz: September 24th, 3½¢; spot sales 20,000 bags at 3½¢; 25th, no change—spot sales 3300 bags at 3½¢; 26th, no change—spot sales 2000 bags at 3½¢; 27th, 28th and 30th, no sales reported; October 1st, 3 ½ 16¢—spot sales 1000 bags at 3 ½ 16¢; 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th, no sales reported; 7th, 3½¢—spot sales 3000 bags at 3½¢; 8th, no sales; 9th, no change—spot sales 11,000 bags at 3½¢; 10th, spot sales 12,000 bags at 3½¢; 11th, spot sales 3300 bags at 3½¢; 12th, no sales, and 14th no sales.

Eastern and Foreign Markets.—Since our last circular a general improvement is to be noted both in the United States and foreign markets and there is much confidence expressed in the future and higher prices predicted for the coming year. This change in the situation is due principally to the large shortage predicted in the European sugar crop this year. Giesecker, the great sugar authority, whose hitherto correct forecasts have been carried with them the weight of commercial opinion, estimates the European sugar crop this year at 3,687,000 tons, or about 1,200,000 tons short of the average. The sugar trade previously had been figuring upon a shortage of about 700,000. The estimate of the shortage made by Giesecker has affected the market to a considerable extent assisting in the rise of prices. Since this estimate was made public Licht has called that the yield of beets thus far harvested is unsatisfactory and he estimates that a deficiency in the European beet crop of 1,000,000 tons is not impossible. This is a confirmation of Giesecker's estimate and will no doubt strengthen the whole position of raws and refined.

Beets—London quotations since September 23d have ruled as follows: September 24th, 10s 3½; 25th, 10s 2½; 26th, 10s 4½; 27th, 10s 3½; 30th, 10s 4½; October 1st, 10s 7½; 2d, 10s 8½; 3d, 10s 10½; 4th, 11s; 5th, 10s 10½; 7th, 11s 0½; 8th, 11s 1½; 9th, 10s 10½; 10th, 10s 11½; 12th, 10s 10½, and our latest quotations of today 10s 9d. It has been recently reported by the leading members of London sugar houses that several weeks ago a French syndicate was formed for the purpose of buying up all the sugar and cornering the market for that commodity. The operations covered a total purchase of 400,000 tons and have already resulted in a considerable rise in sugar. The syndicate has been buying in London to sell in France, in which country alone the trade is likely to be affected. The London firms agree in expression of opinion that the operations of the syndicate will not seriously affect the British and American markets, but they are equally unanimous in the belief that as the French syndicate is strongly backed financially the corner in France is likely to be successful.

Cuba Crop—Latest reports state that the rebels will no doubt prevent the grinding of cane wherever it is possible to do so, their reasons being that in this way the Spanish revenue will be reduced and at the same time the cane will be preserved in case their cause is successful. It is not necessary to cut the cane fields of Cuba before January, 1896, and they can be allowed to stand nearly eighteen months longer if necessary. Messrs. Willett and Gray can give their estimates of the crop of 800,000 tons, although there are some much lower estimates being made.

Mail advices from New York during the month have been very encouraging, and raws have generally held their own, their being no special effort necessary to support the market, as the features have all ruled in favor of holders and in porters. The quantity of sugar secured by refiners of late has not been large and can hardly be expected to afford more than temporary relief. A feeling has prevailed that refiners are simply waiting another opportunity to get a good quantity of

stock together and absorb it. In consequence of the continued favorable news from abroad and further advances on both cane and beet, and in view of the better outlook for new crops, old supplies appear to become more valuable every day.

Our last mail advices from New York of Oct. 9th state that the majority of holders of raw sugars are standing by the market well on the general faith felt in the position as supported now, and expected to be stimulated later on by natural relations through supply and demand, and if there were systematized methods of handling stock on speculation in this country, it is believed investors would take hold with considerable freedom. With the continued strong foreign advices, there has been more desire to secure stock than shown on the surface. Holders are generally waiting higher bids, and in many cases simply refused to offer their sugar. Refined has ruled rather quiet, and the market at latest advices is without special interest. Trade, however, during the month has been up to average for this time of the year, and at a good margin of profit for refiners. On the above date net cash duty paid 85 test. Muscovados were quoted at 34 cents, with buyers at this figure, 96 test centrifugals, 34 cents; granulated, 45 cents; difference, 91 cents. Last year at same time net cash 89 test Muscovador were quoted at 3 cents, 96 test, centrifugals at 33 cents, granulated 43 cents; difference, 60 cents. London cable of Oct. 8th quotes Java No 15 D S 13s. 3d, fair refining 11s. 1d., best, Oct. 11, Nov. 11 First marks, German granulated, 13s 10d., f. o. b. Hamburg, equal to \$4.58, up cash delivered New York, duty paid.

Our latest telegraphic advices from New York of today quote value of centrifugal sugar, ex ship, wharf or store, 96 test, at 33 cents per pound. Buyers talk lower prices, owing to the recent European decline. London beets, 88 test, f. o. b., Hamburg, October 10s. 9d. per cwt. Demand is reviving, and it is expected present prices will be maintained. Harvesting of the Louisiana crop has begun, and present estimates are 280,000 tons. Latest reports of European beet crop show a deficiency of 1,000,000 tons. Higher prices are confidently expected eventually. Trust certificates—Common, 108½, preferred, 101.

Rice, Hawaiian—With light spot stock and no receipts, rice has been freely taken at 4 cents net. At present writing, price of Louisiana has advanced ½¢ over last quotations, and prospect is good for maintenance of present price for the island article.

Japan—No receipts, but stock in warehouse is large. We quote price and sales at 38 cents, duty paid.

Kona Coffee—None in first hands.

Prices unchanged.

Flour—G. G. ex family, \$3.35; El Dorado, \$2.35 per bbl., f. o. b.; crown, \$3.30 per bbl., f. o. b.

Brain—Fine, \$12.50; coarse, \$13.50 per ton, f. o. b.

Middlings—Ordinary, \$17.50; choice, \$19.50 per ton, f. o. b.

Barley—No. 1 feed, 68½ cents per cwt., f. o. b.; ground or rolled, \$14 per ton, f. o. b.

Oats—Fair, 80 cents; choice (surplus), 90¢@92½¢ per cwt., f. o. b.

Wheat—Chicago, 92½ cents; milling, 97½¢@1 per cwt., f. o. b.

Corn—Small yellow, 92½ cents per cwt., f. o. b.

Hay—Wheat, comp. \$12; large bales, \$13 per ton, f. o. b.; oat, comp. \$9; large bales \$10 per ton, f. o. b.

Time—\$1@1.05 per bbl., f. o. b.

Charts—Consuming markets have improved during the month under review, and with light arrivals of free tonnage full rates have been asked, and several ready ships have secured an advance on last rates advised by us. Last transaction a large iron carrier, 12th inst. 27s. 6d. orders, 28s. 3d. direct, wh. at, flour, merchandise. We quote the market steady, but the demand is not active.

Lumber freight quiet at last rates.

Exchange—London, 60 days, \$4.86½; demand, \$4.87½.

New York regular, 2½ cents; telegraphic, 5 cents.

YOUNG HAWAIIANS.

An Enjoyable Entertainment Last Night—The Hall Crowded.

At their first anniversary meeting in Foster Hall last night the Young Hawaiians' Institute treated their friends to a most delightful program of music which far surpassed any previous effort. The hall was very artistically decorated with ferns and other greens. Almost a hundred people were present.

An address introducing Charles Wilcox as the new president of the Institute was made by Henry Smith. President Wilcox then took the chair and called upon Vice-President Cuelho, who made the address of welcome to the Institute from its small beginnings to its present position. Helped along by kind friends, it has been given a place of prominence. The object of the Institute was to furnish a home for Hawaiian lads who could have a place to which they might go for a quiet evening in good company. Features had been introduced now and then to make the life of the Institute more interesting, music was one of the main features. Mr. Cuelho paid a very high tribute to Professor Berger, an honorary member of the organization, who is their recognized leader of music. Mrs. Mary Foster, who has so kindly furnished the boys with their present rooms, was spoken of by Mr. Cuelho as the "mother of the Institute." The friends of the organization were made welcome in a few well-chosen and appropriate words.

Professor Berger was called upon for a short speech, in response to which he dwelt on the musical life of the Institute. In all his travels, although he had heard the finest of music, the Hawaiian airs seemed to give him as much pleasure as any. He was in favor of having the boys collect together as many Hawaiian airs as possible. Professor Berger spoke of the band boys now in the States. The Hawaiian airs were always the ones that pleased the audiences most. He wished the Institute all prosperity in the work which they had undertaken. The double quartet chosen from the ranks of the Y. H. I. gave two de-

lightful choruses which were followed by something new entitled "The Traveling Musician" or "The New Band Boy."

Some time ago there appeared in the columns of one of the city papers a local announcement that upon his return, Professor Berger would bring some new band boys with him. When the professor appeared no band boys were with him and the public—especially the music loving portion—were much disappointed.

But a part of the reason for giving the entertainment last night was to furnish a suitable occasion upon which to introduce a newly arrived band boy fresh from Germany.

His appearance was sudden and took the audience by surprise. Led out by instruments of various kinds an individual walked out to a position in front of the audience, faced about and began operations. This was none other than Hiram Sylvester. He manipulated all the instruments in true German style, which sent the audience into perfect fits of laughter for the space of five or six minutes.

Professor Berger, surprised at seeing the new band boy, advanced to the piano and played an accompaniment to the song, "Ein, Zwei, Drei," which the latter sang. This was so well done that an encore entitled "The P. G. Soldier," one of Sylvester's own compositions, was rendered.

With two little children subject to group we do not rest easy without a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house, for the most severe attack quickly succumb to a few doses of it.—Morrison (Colo.), B. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by all dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co., agents for H. I.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF

the First Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands. In Probate, in the matter of the Estate of SAMUEL LOUISON, late of Honolulu, deceased, intestate.

On reading and filing the petition of M. Louisson, administrator of the estate of Samuel Loison, deceased, late of Honolulu, and praying that Letters of Administration be issued to him, the Court ordered that FRIDAY, the 22nd day of November, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition, in the Court Room of this Court, at Honolulu, in which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted. Dated Honolulu, October 23rd, A. D. 1895. By the Court, GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF

the First Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands. In Probate, in the matter of the Estate of AUGUST and WALDEMAR POEDYEN, Minor.

On reading and filing the petition of K. Poedey, guardian of the person of August and Waldegar Poedey, minors, praying for order of sale of certain real estate belonging to said minors, and certain piece or parcel of land situate in Honolulu, being a part of lot numbered 362 on Piliot street, and a. m. by the Court, Office of the Clerk of the Court, at Honolulu, Oahu, in Liber 99, page 191, and setting forth certain legal reasons why such real estate should be sold to wit: That the proceeds be applied for the support and education of said minors. It is hereby ordered, that the next day of the said estate, appear before this Court on MONDAY, the 15th day of NOVEMBER, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the Court Room of this Court, at Honolulu, Oahu, then and there to show cause why an order should not be granted for the sale of such estate. Dated Honolulu, H. I., October 18th, 1895. By the Court, J. A. THOMPSON, Clerk Circuit Court of the First Circuit, 1700 St. alt.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF

the First Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands. In Probate, in the matter of the Estate of ALICE F. HITCHCOCK of Honolulu, deceased.

A document, purporting to be the last will and testament of Alice F. Hitchcock deceased, having on the 12th day of October, A. D. 1895, been presented to said Probate Court, and a petition for the Probate thereof, and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary to William O. Smith having been filed by said William O. Smith. It is hereby ordered, that the next day of the said day of NOVEMBER, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day, at the Court Room of said Court, at Honolulu, in Alhollan Hale be, and is hereby ordered, that the next day of the said day, at the Court Room of said Court, at Honolulu, Oahu, then and there to show cause why an order should not be granted for the granting of Letters Testamentary. Dated Honolulu, Oct. 12th, 1895. By the Court, J. A. THOMPSON, Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF

the First Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands. In Probate, in the matter of the Estate of MARIANO CAMACHO late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased.

On reading and filing the Petition and accounts of J. Alfred Mazon, administrator of the estate of Mariano Camacho late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased, wherein he asks to be allowed \$671.50 charges himself with \$951.43, and asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order be made of the distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him and his sureties from all further responsibility as such Administrator. It is hereby ordered that FRIDAY, the 15th day of NOVEMBER, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., at Chambers in the Court House, at Honolulu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said Petitions and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted. Dated at Honolulu, H. I., this 11th day of October, A. D. 1895. By the Court, J. A. THOMPSON, Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF

the First Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands. In Probate, in the matter of the Estate of MARIANO CAMACHO late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE ON APPLICATION OF EXECUTRIX TO SELL REAL ESTATE. On reading and filing the petition of Keolaha Iuko executrix of the Estate of Ono Iuko deceased, praying for an order of sale of certain real estate belonging to said decedent being the lot numbered 362 on Piliot street, and a. m. by the Court, Office of the Clerk of the Court, at Honolulu, Oahu, in Liber 99, page 191, and setting forth certain legal reasons why such real estate should be sold, to wit: That the personal property of said estate is not sufficient to pay the debts thereof. It is hereby ordered, that the heirs of the said decedent, and all persons interested in the said estate, appear before this Court on FRIDAY, the 15th day of NOVEMBER, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the Court Room of this Court, at Honolulu, Oahu, then and there to show cause why an order should not be granted for the sale of such estate. Dated Honolulu, H. I., October 6th A. D. 1895. By the Court, GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk.

THE HAWAIIAN PLANTERS' MONTHLY

H. M. WHITNEY, Editor.

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The coming Flow
The Hygienic Commandments.

TIME TABLE

Ward's Steamship Company

1895.

Steamship "Kinau,"

CLARKE, Commander.

Will leave Honolulu at 2 o'clock p. m., touching at Lahaina, Maiala Bay and Makena the same day, Mahukona, Kawaihae and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving at Hilo the same evening.

LEAVES HONOLULU

Friday, September 6 Friday, November 9
Tuesday, " 17 Tuesday, " 19
Friday, " 27 Friday, " 29
Tuesday, October 8 Tuesday, Dec. 10
Friday, " 18 Friday, December 20
Tuesday, " 28

Returning, will leave Hilo at 10 o'clock p. m., touching at Laupahoehoe, Mahukona and Kawaihae same day; Makena, Maiala Bay and Lahaina the following day, arriving at Honolulu the afternoon of Tuesdays and Fridays.

ARRIVES AT HONOLULU.

Tuesday, September 3 Tuesday, November 5
Friday, " 13 Friday, " 15
Tuesday, " 24 Tuesday, " 26
Friday, " October 4 Friday, December 6
Tuesday, " 15 Tuesday, " 17
Friday, " 25 Friday, " 27</

Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXX., NO. 86.

HONOLULU, H. I., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1895 SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 1702.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

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LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

The Venezuela Affair Gets
Interesting.

MORE ABOUT THE COREA AFFAIR.

Marquis of Salisbury Made Warden
of the Cinque Ports—English Battle-
ship Launched—Judge Brunson's
Will—The Nicaragua Canal Report.

CARACAS (Venezuela), Oct. 17.—For
a week the greatest activity has pre-
vailed here, troops being hastily
rushed in all directions. It is claimed
that a revolutionary expedition is now
off Oruba preparing to land men and
arms. Arms from Buenos Ayres are
reported to have been landed on the
coast Sunday.

A renewed protest has been sent to
the Dutch authorities at Curacao
against allowing conspirators against
Crespo to meet and conspire there
publicly. Already there have been
fights at Coro, Valencia, Arica and
Barinas, and a considerable revolu-
tionary force is now reported as being
near the city of San Carlos. The
government is afraid to send troops
from this city as riots are threatened
here and the troops at this garrison
are reported to be mostly dissatisfied.

President Crespo is afraid to move
unless surrounded by guards. His
reorganized cabinet threatens to re-
sign, which but increases the great
disorder. Government officials call
public attention to a claim that they
have received news from the United
States that the government will sus-
tain the Crespo administration. The
question of asking for a protectorate
by the United States over this coun-
try is being urged and openly dis-
cussed.

At Arica Monday morning at day-
light government troops were at-
tacked, and surprised, and after a
short but decisive combat the rebels
entered the town, the government
troops retreating pursued by the
rebels, who were trying to provoke
another fight. Colonel Mateo, who
commanded the rebels, organized a
new government for Arica. At the
same time another rebel force under
Colonel Sam Martin attacked Coro,
but the garrison there drove the as-
sailants back. Several more attacks
were made during the day with the
same result, but the next day at noon
the rebels forced the troops to evacu-
ate the town, many troops deserting
and joining the rebels. On Tuesday
afternoon there was a rising among
the troops garrisoning Valencia, but
after a stubborn fight the rebels were
forced to leave the town, which they
yet besiege, being re-enforced.

The commander of the garrison sent
repeated requests here for re-enforce-
ments, saying he would have to sur-
render unless aided soon. At Barinas
on Monday the garrison mutinied, and
after locking the officers inside the
guardhouse, proclaimed in favor of
the revolution. Troops, it is said,
committed many excesses, and are
believed to have killed their officers.

A rebel force of over 150 is now
threatening San Carlos. Their com-
mander, Colonel Petri, says that when
expected re-enforcements arrive he
will march on this city.

MINISTER KURINO TALKS.
A Statement of Japan's Policy Toward
Corea.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Last Friday
Mr. Kurino, the Japanese Minister
furnished for publication a statement
concerning the policy of Japan toward
Corea, in which, among other things,
he said: "The treaty of Shimonoseki
signed by Japan and China, recog-
nized the independence of Corea, and
Japan has fully complied with the
letter and spirit of that treaty."

Reference to the official print of the
record shows that Mr. Kurino is cor-
rect so far as China is concerned, but
there appears to be nothing in the
treaty which can be construed as a
recognition of the independence of
Corea by Japan. The first memoran-
da which the Plenipotentiaries of
Japan submitted to those from China
at the conference concerning the terms
of peace on the 1st of April contains
the following:

"Article 1. China recognizes, defi-
nitely, the full and complete inde-
pendence and autonomy of Corea, and,
in consequence, payment of tribute
and performance of ceremonies and
formalities by Corea to China, in de-
rogation of such independence shall
cease for the future."
In the reply of China to this propo-
sition, submitted April 5th, occurs the
following language: "The Chinese
Government some months ago indi-
cated its willingness to recognize the
full and complete independence of
Corea, and guarantee the complete
neutrality of Corea, and is ready to
insert such stipulations in the treaty.
But, in due reciprocity, such stipu-
lations should likewise be made by
Japan." And in her counterdraft of
the treaty of peace the Chinese Plen-
ipotentiaries amended the first article
by inserting the words "and Japan"
in the first line, so it reads, "China
and Japan recognize," etc.

On the 10th of April the Japanese
Plenipotentiaries submitted their re-
sults but little to the reports already

ply, in which they decline to accept
this amendment and "find it neces-
sary to adhere to Article 1 as origi-
nally presented." They repeat the
same refusal in their ultimatum.
In the treaty of peace as finally
signed on the 17th of April, Article 1
appears, word for word, as it was origi-
nally submitted by Japan and as
above quoted. Nor is there anything
in any part of the treaty that may be
construed as a recognition of the inde-
pendence of Corea by Japan.

MORE CHINESE EXECUTED.

Corea's King Asks Protection of For-
eign Representatives.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—The World
has the following from Foo Chow:
Mabel Hartford's assault and thir-
teen others convicted of taking part
in the Hwasang massacre were put to
death this morning at Kuehng. The
execution was witnessed by the For-
eign Consular Commission, the Chi-
nese prefect, the District Magistrate
and a great crowd. There was no dis-
turbance.

The Herald has the following from
Seoul: The King's father, who is
wielding supreme power, is still im-
prisoning those whom he believes to
be his enemies. The King, whose
authority is completely overshadowed,
is in fear of his life, and the thirty-
four representatives here of foreign
powers have been asked to unite in
affording him protection.

I have just received a private mes-
sage from Tokio informing me of vic-
torious gales in Formosa by the Jap-
anese, and stating that the Black
Flags are expected to surrender at an
early date.

It was decided today at Peking that
China will pay 20,000,000 taels to Japan
for the retrocession of Liao Tung
promontory. This arrangement has
been concluded with the assent of the
powers.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 22.—Private ad-
vices from Kiu Chow say the dis-
aster to the steamer Kun Pai occurred
in the morning of October 14th about
twenty miles from Kiu Chow. Cap-
tain Soden, the first and second mates,
first and second engineers and one
passenger are dead.

The 700 soldiers aboard when
the first powder explosion occurred,
setting the vessel on fire. The crew
worked hard for half an hour to ex-
tinguish the flames, when there was a
second explosion, which almost
wrecked the vessel.

The captain and the chief officer,
who were wounded in the first explo-
sion, tried to get a boat lowered, but
the soldiers, rushing pell-mell to the
davits, broke it away and the boat
was smashed by a heavy sea.

The survivors, who were the third
engineer and 200 soldiers, remained
with the wreck for seventeen hours.
Twenty-seven of the wounded were
brought to land and were placed in
the hospital at Kiu Chow. The vic-
tims presented a dreadful appearance.

UNITED STATES AND CUBA.

The Administration Not Ready to
Recognize.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—A Wash-
ington special to the Times-Herald says:
Cuba was under discussion in the
Cabinet today. The discussion lasted
nearly three hours. It is believed a
definite policy as to Cuba was agreed
upon, and that inquiry on the part of
the United States into the condition
of affairs in Cuba will be recommended
to Congress. While it is generally
believed that an order was issued to-
day for the preparation of a dispatch
proposing such an inquiry to the
Spanish Government, no confirmation
thereof can be had in Cabinet circles,
where unusual reticence is found.

During the last week Secretary
Olney has been in conference with
two or three Ministers from South
American countries who are eager to
further the movement for recognition
of the belligerent rights of the insur-
gents. These Ministers want the
United States to agree to joint action
with a number of South American
republics. Brazil is one of the
leading spirits in this movement and
stands ready to recognize belligerency
whenever the United States will do
so, though Minister Mendonca said
today it was not true Brazil had al-
ready accorded recognition to Cuba.

Secretary Olney has informed these
Ministers that it is not the policy of
the Administration to recognize the
belligerency of Cuba at the present
time.

TO COST \$100,000,000.

Forecast of Report of Nicaragua Canal
Commission.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The Herald's
Washington correspondent tele-
graphs: It is understood here that
the report of the engineering com-
mission which visited Nicaragua last
summer will favor the construction of
an inter-oceanic canal, but that it
will not recommend the entire route
already surveyed and upon which, it
is alleged, work costing in the aggre-
gate several millions of dollars has
been performed.

It is also believed that the commis-
sioners will place the cost of the canal
at a much greater sum than that es-
timated by the Maritime Canal Com-
pany, whose charter it is proposed
that the government shall purchase.
It is expected that the commission's
report will assert that the waterway
cannot be built and the harbors on the
Atlantic and Pacific coasts placed in
proper condition for a sum much less
than \$100,000,000.

The Waller Case.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Mrs. John L.
Waller, wife of the former United
States Consul to Madagascar, arrived
in this city today on the Dutch steam-
ship Amsterdam. She was accom-
panied by her three daughters and
son. She said that she could
read but little to the reports already

made public of her husband's confine-
ment in the prison at Marseilles.

"There is one thing I would like to
say, however," Mrs. Waller said.
"Embassador Euclid has been harshly
criticized for not aiding us as much as
he might have done. There is no truth
in that report. The whole trouble lay
with Robert Campbell, my husband's
predecessor. He promised me to cable
the authorities at Washington, asking
for their assistance, but, instead of
doing so he wrote, thus causing me
an unnecessary delay of nearly three
months."

"I shall go to Washington at once
and there try to make arrangements
for my husband's release. He is most
unjustly imprisoned."

Mrs. Waller says that if Mr. Waller
had not been detained at Tamatewa
by Consul Wetter, who unwarrant-
ably questioned some of her husband's
official acts, Waller would not have
been arrested.

JUDGE BRUNSON'S WILL.

A Remarkable Document—Mrs. Stone-
man a Legatee Under the Will.

SAN BERNARDINO, Oct. 18.—J. G.
Anson Brunson's last will and testa-
ment was filed in the County Clerk's
office this city this morning, and it
is safe to say that no more remarkable
document can be found in the archi-
ves of this or any other county. It
recalls the sensation that thrilled Los
Angeles and the whole State a few
years ago by confirming all the gifts
to Mrs. Stouman ever made by J. G.
Brunson and disposes of no other part
of his estate.

It is a holographic instrument and
bears the date of February 4, 1894.

The will is as follows:

"For disposition of a portion of my
personal estate, I hereby will that at
my death all articles of every descrip-
tion now or by me hereafter placed in
the home and care of my dear and
faithful friend, Mary O. H. Stone-
man, shall be and remain her per-
sonal and separate property forever,
and title thereto shall permanently
vest in her upon probate of this will,
without further proceedings in or out
of or by any court whatever."

"Dated Los Angeles, February 5,
1894."

"(Signed) A. D. BRUNSON."

It is stated that the estate consists
of personal property worth in all about
\$2000 and that the only heir at law is
a daughter 27 years of age, whose resi-
dence is in Illinois.

THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

An Early Meeting of the National
Committee Probable.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Senator Thos.
H. Carter, chairman of the Republi-
can National Committee, was seen at
the Holland House tonight and ques-
tioned about the conference of the
members of the committee. He said:
"There has been a little informal
conference, at which an effort was made
to gather opinions regarding the date
for the meeting of the full committee."
"It has not been fixed yet, and it
will not be till we have had time to
hear from more of the members, prob-
ably not until the middle of next
week. The meeting will probably be
the last of November or the 1st of De-
cember. Those on hand tonight were
General Clarkson, Mr. Hahn of Ohio
and myself."

It is said tonight that General
Clarkson, representing Senator Allison
and Secretary Hahn, the personal
friend of William McKinley, Jr., were
a unit for an early Presidential con-
vention.

Speaker Reed declined to discuss
the matter, but Chairman Joseph H. Man-
ley wired from Denver that he hoped
the convention would be held in May
or early in June, and that he was on
his way to San Francisco to ascertain
what inducements would be offered
for holding the convention there.

MANDERSON IS CONFIDENT.

Says That Bowler Erred in the Sugar
Bounty Cases.

WASHINGTON (D. C.), Oct. 17.—Sec-
retary Carlisle is vexed at the inac-
tion of the counsel for the sugar claim-
ants, and yesterday telegraphed to
Senator Manderon that he would
send Comptroller Bowler's opinion in
the case of the Oxnard Beet-Sugar
Company to the United States Court
of Claims by October 28th, unless he
set the date when he would appear and
argue before the Secretary of the
Treasury the question of the jurisdic-
tion of the Comptroller of the Treas-
ury.

Today Senator Manderon replied
from Omaha that he hoped to be in
Washington to argue the question by
November 10th. Senator Manderon
says that he has no doubt Comptroller
Bowler had no jurisdiction in the
sugar bounty case. He asserts that to
send the Comptroller's opinion to the
Court of Claims for final decision
without the consent of the claimants
is unwarranted in law. Both points,
Manderon contends, are unavailable,
and he will so hold in his argument
before Secretary Carlisle.

Mackay, Jr. Dead.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—The funeral of John
W. Mackay, Jr., who died Friday eve-
ning from injuries received by being
thrown from his horse at his chateau
in the department of Sarthe, is fixed
to take place in this city tomorrow
at noon at the Roman Catholic Church
of St. Ferdinand des Ternes. After
the obsequies the body will be placed
in the vault of the church pending its
shipment to Havre to be conveyed to
America, probably on Saturday.

Mrs. Mackay, the young man's
mother, is still confined to her bed,
completely prostrated with grief and
it is not expected that she will be able
to attend the funeral.

To Be Retired.

LUKELA STILL AT IT.
Maui Prophet Holds Forth Every Saturday.
FOLLOWERS AMONG IGNORANT.

Champion Sprinter to Prove His Claim.
Schooner Volante Narrowly Escapes Disaster - Strawberries Ripening and Plenty of Supplies From Coast.

MAUI, Oct. 28.—In spite of the failure of the prophecy of October 7th, Lukela has since then bobbed up serenely on Saturday afternoons and continued to puzzle Walluku's populace with wonderful prediction.

His recently acquired notoriety has puffed him up and he now stands conspicuous in the second-story of the Young Hee restaurant and delivers his oracles from the lattice veranda. He pays more attention than ever to dress, appearing in different costumes at every seance, his fancy leading him to adopt fanatic and gaudy raiment.

He has a regular program of exercises; makes a prayer, sings a song, and then permits his prophetic soul to evolve strange happenings for the future. He is said to have three prophecies on hand at the present moment, one of which is regarding a great volcanic eruption on Hawaii. Previous to the failure of his now-famous prediction many intelligent natives to a certain extent believed in him and his sayings, even going so far as to anxiously count the days to October 7th but would not obey his command to fast from midnight of the 6th till the predicted denouement.

At the present time, though the better class of Hawaiians have lost faith in him and call him crazy, he is steadily gaining a numerous following among the more ignorant, large crowds of natives, Chinese, Japanese and Portuguese gathering weekly on market days and seem to be interested in his idle workings. Moreover little flags about six inches square are now seen fluttering in the vicinity of humble dwellings here and there. They vary in color but all mark the homes of the faithful who are exempt from any dire calamity foretold by Lukela.

If the reported case of the Kahaku loa native who is said to have become insane through the teaching of this Walluku prophet is true, these Saturday afternoon symposiums shall surely be suppressed.

It is said that George Cummings, of Walluku, claims to be the champion sprinter of Maui in a 100 yard dash, and has issued an open challenge which has been accepted by two Lahaina runners. It is further reported that the contest will take place at Kahului some day during the latter part of November for a purse of \$500. There will be a baseball game during the same day.

Two Hamakupokoites have recently been most unfortunate. George Wilbur broke his arm and Engineer S. E. Taylor suffered from a badly injured eye.

H. P. Baldwin departed yesterday morning per Kinau for a short trip to the Coast on sugar business.

Miss Juliet King departed for home by last week's Claudine after a pleasant vacation spent at Kalaupoko.

A little Makawao maiden is already dreaming of Christmas. She recently posted a letter bearing a United States two-cent stamp, addressed to "Santa Claus, North Pole."

Strawberries are ripening in Makawao.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Stolz are still enjoying the climate at Idlewild, Olania.

Maui people are pleased that the regular mail service has been resumed. Apropos of the recent epidemic, whether it was Asiatic cholera or not, the best people of Maui have felt a sincere admiration for the Honolulu Board of Health and frequently make complimentary mention of its fidelity and thoroughness.

The schooner Volante, M. Dannevig master, departed for San Francisco in ballast on Friday, the 18th inst. While still in Kahului bay not far from the seaport village the ship refused to answer her helm, and as she was pointed landward, there was for a moment great consternation on board the schooner. One of the tiller ropes had parted, and it was only by the rapid use of a tackle that the rudder was pulled around and the vessel saved from going onto the beach.

During Saturday, the 19th, the steamer Kahului, Tyson master, departed for the Golden Gate. Her cargo was quite a large one, and consisted of Spreckelsville, Pana and Hamakupoko sugar, hides, 600 bunches of bananas, molasses, etc.

Both the Kahului and Volante brought down large cargoes of provisions, the San Francisco people evidently believing that the freight embargo caused by the recent epidemic had not been lifted. At the present time Maui people have on hand a superabundance of hay, grain, flour and other staple articles.

Weather.—Within the last few days the trades have returned and the atmosphere is cooler, but previously it has been very warm, the thermometer registering above 90 degrees at the seashore and above 80 degrees on the mountain slope.

A Business Squeeze.
George Lycurgus, through his attorney, has petitioned the Court to declare G. D. Freeth and Harry Congdon (trading as the California Wine Company), bankrupts. The petition is asked on the grounds that \$700 in notes given by defendants as purchase money for his

share of the business are due and unpaid. A policeman was in charge of the place yesterday, but it is not believed his presence will be needed very long. The partners are well known and popular men here, and it is probable they will soon get out of their difficulties. The general tightness in the money market, together with the dull business during the past two months is said to be the cause of the trouble.

A Missionary Captain Dead.
Capt. Chas. W. Gillett, master of the first missionary vessel, Morning Star, was thrown from his buggy, Ojai Valley, California, on August 30, 1895, and killed. Deceased was 82 years of age and was well known to a large circle of friends in Honolulu.

TO PROVOKE INQUIRY.
Kauai People See Benefit in Direct Shipment From the Coast.

MR. EDITOR:—Commenting upon your leader headed "Holding Island Trade," it is, I may state, the popular opinion held in this district by planters, a step in the right direction, and by the general community also, who have long felt the want of good traveling accommodation between this side of the island and Honolulu and who sincerely hope that this shipping of freight from San Francisco to Makaweli direct will cause inquiry to be made into the present uncomfortable and inefficient passenger accommodation, and be the means of having suitable fast steamers with abundant accommodation provided.

The present line of steamers between Kauai and Honolulu offer no inducements for passenger travel. Traveling between these islands is by no means a pleasant occupation at the best, and yet, how often does it happen that a gentleman passenger is asked to give up his berth to accommodate a lady who has omitted to book one previous to boarding the steamer.

I firmly believe, and the same belief is held by many here, that if a good fast steamer with sufficient and comfortable accommodation provided, as is at present running between Honolulu and the other principal islands of the group, were to be placed on this route, there would be more passenger traffic from the west side of this island alone than there is at present from the entire island.

It appears to me that the present steamship companies are not looking after their own interests by not paying a little more attention to the comforts of their patrons and the traveling public in general.

Respectfully yours,
A SUBSCRIBER.
Makaweli Plantation, Kauai, October 25th, 1895.

Funeral of Miss Beckley.
The many friends of Lottie Beckley will be grieved to learn that her death occurred at 1:20 this morning from peritonitis. Miss Beckley has been ill since last summer. She has had charge of Kalihiwaina School and was popular with a large circle of friends.

Miss Charlotte Beckley was buried from her mother's residence at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The remains were taken to the Catholic Cathedral where services were held, Father Leonor officiating. The body was in a white casket which was fairly covered with floral emblems. The remains were interred at Nuuanu Cemetery. The pallbearers were Fred Maby, Thos. Cummins, Arthur Jones, Geo. Edwards, Jesse Makainai, Palekaluhi, David Hoapili, Harry Davison, Wm. Makakoa, Hoapili Kaauiwai. Miss Beckley was born in Honolulu October 29, 1876, and was the daughter of Frederick W. K. Beckley. When scarcely more than a baby she was sent to the convent of the Sacred Heart and afterward to Fort Street School. When her parents went to Molokai to reside she was sent to Kawaihae Seminary. When sixteen years she passed examination for primary grade teacher receiving a very high percentage. In January last she was commissioned assistant teacher at Kalihi-waena School. She was a painstaking girl and was the respect and esteem of her superiors as well as pupils in her charge.

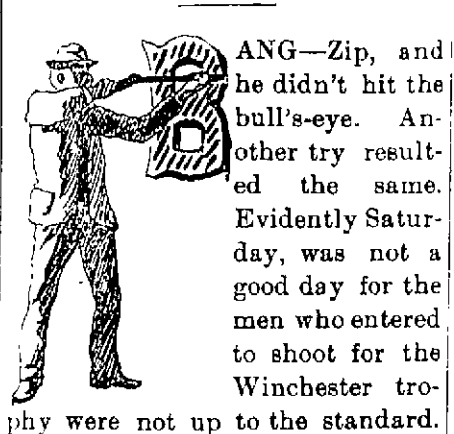
If your children are subject to croup watch for the first symptom of the disease—hoarseness. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, it will prevent the attack. Even after the croupy cough has appeared the attack can always be prevented by giving this remedy. It is also invaluable for colds and whooping cough. For sale by all dealers. BENSON, SMITH & CO., agents for H. I.

When to Advertise.
Teacher.—When is the best time to advertise?
Chorus of Scholars.—All the time. No credit—(C. L. C.)

COMPANY E WINS TROPHY.

The Bad Light an Excuse for Bad Scores.

Captain White of B Makes the Best Score—Nine Good Men in E-Company G Falls Far Behind.



ANG—Zip, and he didn't hit the bull's-eye. Another try resulted the same. Evidently Saturday, was not a good day for the men who entered to shoot for the Winchester trophy were not up to the standard.

Captain Oscar White led B company scoring forty-five but it was not enough to win the trophy; he had not support enough in the small company to reach higher than 381 out of a possible 500.

The shoot was among picked teams of ten men each from Companies B, E, F and G in charge of Captain Camara. The Sharpshooters were barred because the members are not organized as a uniform company. This clause in the terms of the contest shut out the Walls' and other good shots who are in the company of men who are supposed to be able to pick a rice bird off a lantana bush at a thousand or more yards.

The excuse for the bad scores on Saturday was the bad light; it was not at all suitable and some of the men who have been doing good work at the butts fell much below their standard. Private Pratt of B company gave Captain White a rub, scoring 43. Private King could not get above 40. In E company there were nine men out of the ten in the team who scored 40 or over, and Captain Good feels joyous in consequence. F company fell back ten points behind E, while G company (seven members shooting), which is made up of Hawaiian boys, scored only 166 points.

As this is the third time E company has won the trophy, it is their's for keeps.

Following are the scores of individuals:

E COMPANY.	
Captain J. Good.....	42
Sergeant Moore.....	43
" Elvin.....	42
Corporal Lohman.....	40
Private Survels.....	41
" Buchanan.....	43
" Sutton.....	42
" Hanley.....	37
" Overbeck.....	40
" Sprout.....	40
Total.....	410
Average.....	41

F COMPANY.	
Lieutenant Ludwig.....	39
Private Randall.....	42
" Hancock.....	41
" Hagstrup.....	41
Sergeant Voelberg.....	43
Private Peterson.....	42
Sergeant McKeague.....	34
Private Lambert.....	42
Corporal Johnson.....	38
Private Burnett.....	38
Total.....	400
Average.....	40

B COMPANY.	
Captain E. O. White.....	45
Private H. S. Pratt.....	40
" G. W. R. King.....	40
" Atherton.....	35
Sergeant Thrum.....	39
Giles.....	38
Private Olson.....	38
Gumpster.....	34
Sergeant Reynolds.....	35
Private Schmidt.....	36
Total.....	381
Average.....	38.1

G COMPANY.	
Lieutenant Kea.....	28
Private Rose.....	31
" Hookano.....	31
" Kulike.....	29
" J. M. Kealoha.....	16
" J. Wallace.....	17
" J. Morse.....	24
Total.....	168
Average.....	23.9

THE BEST TREATMENT FOR CHOLERA.

When promptly and properly treated a recovery is almost certain. This was fully demonstrated during the prevalence of Cholera in New York in 1866. Go to bed as soon as the first symptoms appear, remain as quiet as possible, and take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy in double doses until the pain ceases, and then after each operation of the bowels more than natural. Send for a physician, but take this remedy in this way until he arrives. The remedy should be kept at hand ready for instant use. It should be taken within five minutes after the first symptoms appear. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy is the most successful medicine that has yet been produced, not only for the milder forms of bowel complaint, but for the most virulent forms of Asiatic Cholera. For sale by BENSON, SMITH & CO.

The Daily Advertiser 75 cents a month. Delivered by carrier.



Mrs. Eliza Logree
Westerly, R. I.

Once I Was Blind But Now I Can See

Thanks to Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I have suffered everything possible with sore eyes and headache, the sores so severe that I was blind. I tried everything I heard of without benefit, and went to the Rhode Island Hospital, but found no relief there. A friend told me of Hood's Sarsaparilla, so I bought a bottle and a box of Hood's Pills.

With More Than Thanks
I want everybody to know that since I have been taking these medicines, I have become as well as ever. My eyes have perfectly healed and the headache is cured. From my picture you can see there is nothing the matter with my eyes now." MRS. ELIZA LOGREE, Potter Hill, Westerly, R. I.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. Sold by all druggists. HOBSON DRUG COMPANY, Wholesale Agents.

SEQUAH

Endorsed by the English Press.

"ROCKDALE OBSERVER" [May 3, 1890], remarks: "Some remarkable cures have certainly been effected by Sequah's medicines."

VATSFORD NEWS" [Apr. 6th, 1890], speaking of Sequah's remedies, says: "The cures remain, and men are walking about to-day, who for the past ten years read novels in their beds during the intervals snatched from dry toast, potions and pills."

MID-DERBYSHIRE STAR" [May 2, 1890], "The cures made by Sequah's Remedies, have excited a great deal of talk, because the patients art well known as having suffered a number of years. Some of them have been afflicted for 20 years."

"ROCKDALE STAR" [May 3rd, 1890]. "It cannot be denied that persons well known in Rockdale, known to have suffered from the poor man's curse, rheumatism, have secured permanent relief by the use of Sequah's Remedies."

Hobron Drug Co.
AGENTS.
"SEQUAH" LTD., LONDON.

HAWAIIAN PLANTERS' MONTHLY

H. M. WHITNEY, Editor.

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HAWAIIAN GAZETTE COMPANY
Publishers.



DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.
Original and Only Genuine.
COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 13, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. Is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, report that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

Important Caution.—The Immense Sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

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FOR ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, &c.
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE AUSTRALIAN, NEW ZEALAND AND CAPE COLONIES. Bottles 1s. 1d. and 2s. 6d.

Agents for Honolulu,
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AYER'S Sarsaparilla
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Blood-Purifier, NERVE TONIC, AND STRENGTH-BUILDER.

It attacks and breaks up every humor, cures skin eruptions, restores exhausted vitality, and drives out every element of disease. Sufferers from indigestion, general debility, or any other ailment arising from impure blood, should take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It gives strength to the weak, and builds up the system generally. By its use food is made nourishing, sleep refreshing, and life enjoyable.

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About your money matters. None of our business, perhaps; but selling fine

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is and a little reciprocity of feeling between the two will hurt neither of us.

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Complete for \$26.00
Consisting of
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ANTIQUE FINISHED consisting of
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is a complete and entire diet for babies. They like it and thrive on it. Doctors recommend it.

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Mules - 36 - Mules FOR SALE.

Parties desiring Mules will make money buying of me, as I raise all my stock in California and can sell cheaper than those who buy to sell. My Mules are from 4 to 6 years old, and weigh from 1000 to 1250 pounds. Call or address

R. T. McCULLOUGH,
Arlington Hotel.

CAPTAIN MIST DEAD.

Taken ill on Monday and Expired Yesterday.

RECORD OF A BRITISH OFFICER.

A "Blue Coat" Boy—Entered the Navy at Fifteen—Twice Decorated for Bravery—An Officer in the Crimean War—An Editor, Etc., Etc.

Capt. H. W. Mist, R. N., died at his residence, Nuuanu avenue, Friday morning from bowel trouble. He was taken ill on Monday last and, while his illness was painful, it was not considered dangerous by either his family or his physicians.

The funeral of the late Captain Henry W. Mist, R. N., took place Saturday afternoon from St. Andrew's Cathedral. The church was crowded in every part with sympathizing friends. Among those present were noticed: President S. B. Dole, F. M. Hatch, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Hon. A. S. Willis, U. S. Minister Resident, and Mrs. Willis; Senor Canavaro, Portuguese Charge d'Affairs; Mons. Vizzavona, Acting French Consul; Rev. V. H. Kiteat, W. F. Allen and wife; Mrs. Mackintosh, Mrs. Atkinson, Mrs. T. R. Walker, Mrs. T. May, J. M. Dowsett and wife, Dr. McKibbin, Mrs. H. Renjes, Henry Smith and many members of the congregation with which the deceased gentleman was so long identified.

The body, enclosed in a very handsome coffin, around which was an English flag, reached the Cathedral at 3 o'clock. On the lid of the coffin was laid the deceased's sword and also several beautiful floral offerings. The body was carried slowly up the main aisle to the chancel, the following acting as pall-bearers: T. Rain Walker, Thomas May, F. A. Schaefer, E. W. Jordan, Edward Stiles, George S. Harris, M. P. Robinson, J. O. Carter, A. T. Atkinson and C. F. Hart. The solemn procession was headed by the Bishop of Honolulu and the Rev. Alex. Mackintosh, the latter reading the opening sentences beginning, "I am the resurrection and the life." After the chief mourners, the daughter and the three sons of the deceased, had taken their seats Mr. Mackintosh read the 90th psalm, "Lord, Thou hast been our refuge," etc. The hymn, "Peace, perfect peace," was sung by the choir very beautifully, after which the Bishop read the lesson from the 1st of Corinthians, "Now is Christ risen from the dead." Then followed the hymn, "Nearer, my God, to Thee." This concluded the service, and the body was slowly carried out of the church to the hearse while the cathedral organist, Wray Taylor, played Handel's "Dead March in Saul."

The remains were escorted to the Nuuanu cemetery by a detachment of marines and blue jackets from the U. S. S. Bennington, and followed by a large number of private carriages. The committal service at the cemetery was read by the Rev. Alex. Mackintosh, and three volleys were fired over the grave by the U. S. Marines. The floral offerings both at the church and the grave were magnificent.

On Sunday morning, at the service of the second congregation of St. Andrew's Cathedral, the Rev. Alex. Mackintosh, in the course of his sermon, made a very touching allusion to the death of the late Captain Mist. At the close of the service, Mr. Taylor played Handel's "Dead March," and at the evening service, "Mendelssohn's Funeral March."

Henry Wentworth Mist was born at Fulham, Middlesex, England, June 10, 1833. As a boy he was educated at the celebrated Blue Coat School for the navy, and when 15 years of age he entered the service as midshipman. Six years afterward he served through the Crimean War and distinguished himself by bravery in action, obtaining the Crimean Medal and the Turkish order of the Medjidie. In August, 1856, he visited this port in H. B. M. S. Havanah and became engaged to Miss McKibbin, sister of Dr. Robert McKibbin. Upon attaining the rank of commander Captain Mist returned to the islands and was married at the old Lyceum on Nuuanu street, July 23, 1863.

As mate of the Rodney he was in the war with Russia in the Black Sea. He assisted in landing the allied armies in the Crimea and in bringing wounded from the field after the battle of the Alma. He landed at Balaklava with first

party of the naval brigade, and served in the trenches before Sebastopol. He was J. P. for British Columbia from 1868 to 1872 and received thanks of the governor for judgment and discretion in that capacity.

In 1868 Captain Mist was in command of H. B. M. S. Sparrowhawk, at Vancouver. (aring more for domestic life than the pomp and show of the navy, and having won distinction enough for the average man, he retired from the service in 1872. He returned with his family to the islands shortly afterward. During one of the terms of John A. Cummins as Minister of Foreign Affairs, Captain Mist was Secretary of the Foreign Office. In 1878 he was sent by the Government on a mission to the Colonies and the South Seas, for the purpose of securing laborers for the plantations. When A. T. Atkinson was editor of the GAZETTE Captain Mist assisted and wrote many crisp and spicy editorials for that paper. He was also editor of the Weekly Hawaiian and Saturday Press. He has always been prominent in the conduct of affairs of the St. Andrews' Cathedral, and has been one of the church wardens for years. At the service today Rev. Alexander Mackintosh will preside and Wray Taylor will have charge of the music.

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Christian Barnholdt Survivor of Mexican War.

An Old Man of Iwilei—Died from Natural Causes—Supposed at First to be Suicide.

Christian Barnholdt, a resident of Iwilei near the slaughter house, a man seventy-eight years old was found dead in his bed by Inez Machado, a Portuguese neighbor about 9 o'clock Sunday morning. The fact was well known to a mounted patrolman who communicated with police headquarters. The authorities arrived on the scene shortly afterwards. A preliminary examination was held, at which there were present Dr. Emerson, Deputy Marshal Hitchcock, Captain Cook of the Mounted Patrol, Benjamin Zablan, clerk in the office of the Deputy Marshal, Patrick Curtis of the yacht Spray, Inez Machado and wife and several Portuguese residents of the vicinity.

The facts brought out by the investigation are as follows: Christian Barnholdt had not been working for some time but had just rigged up a sausage machine in a back room of his rickety cottage with the expectation of making a livelihood therefrom. For several days before his death he had been unwell but nothing much was thought of it. The neighbors were kind to him and frequently gave him little delicacies in the way of edibles. He was seen by Inez Machado at 11:30 o'clock Saturday night. At 7:30 a. m. Sunday Mrs. Machado went to the door of Barnholdt's cottage with some breakfast. She called "old man!" twice but there was no answer. She looked in the door and saw Barnholdt in bed. Thinking he was asleep she did not disturb him but walked away. At 9:30 a. m. Inez Machado her husband, went to the cottage and after calling several times without receiving any answer, walked into the room and took hold of Barnholdt with the intention of waking him. He was horrified to find that the old man was stiff and cold. A moistened handkerchief was tied tightly about his head and a red shawl had been thrown loosely over the lower part of the face. The left leg was hanging half out of bed. The whole appearance of the man seemed to give evidence that Barnholdt had died peacefully.

A search of the room was made by Deputy Marshal Hitchcock. In a valise were some papers showing that the old man had been a veteran of the Mexican war.

It was thought that Barnholdt might have committed suicide. This was given color by the fact that he had told Patrick Curtis on Saturday that he would take laudanum in order to get asleep if he could get hold of some of the drug. Nothing but a few pills with a small amount of opium in them could be found.

IF Troubled With Rheumatism Read This
ANNAPOLIS (Md.), April 16, 1894—I have used Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism and found it to be all that is claimed for it. I believe it to be the best preparation for rheumatism and deep seated muscular pains on the market, and cheerfully recommend it to the public.—Jno. G. Brooks, dealer in boots, shoes, etc., No 18 Main street.

ALSO READ THIS.
MECHANICVILLE, St. Mary County, Md.—I sold a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm to a man who had been suffering with rheumatism for several years. It made him a well man. A. J. McGILL. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by all dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co., agents for H. I.

WERE NOT FRIGHTENED.

Kohalautes Were More Interested in Sugar Than Epidemics.

Mr. Editor—The people of Honolulu were laboring under a very great mistake, when they thought that the people of Kohala were panic-stricken during the time cholera (or whatever it was) was raging in Honolulu. The Kohalautes did their best to keep the epidemic out of the district. As for saying they were starving, it was simply absurd. They had a fairly good stock of provisions; besides being able to get all that was necessary through vessels from the Coast, which come to Mahukona and Honoipu. If the truth be told they did not think seriously enough about the epidemic, until they found out that if it got into the district they would not be able to ship their sugars to the Coast, which made them realize how serious such a scourge would be. The Board of Health deserves great praise and gratitude for the energetic way they have stamped out the disease. But they must not blame the other districts for looking after their own interests.

KOHALAUTES.

Kohala, Oct. 24, 1895.

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Importers Hardware

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Wheel Barrows,

Road Scrapers,
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Nestlé's Milk Food for infants has, during 25 years, grown in favor with both doctors and mothers throughout the world, and is now unquestionably not only the best substitute for mother's milk, but the food which agrees with the largest percentage of infants. It gives strength and stamina to resist the weakening effects of hot weather, and has saved the lives of thousands of infants. To any mother sending her address, and mentioning this paper, we will send samples and description of Nestlé's Food.

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The most Effective Skin Purifying and Beautifying Soap in the World.

The Purest, Sweetest, and Most Refreshing for Toilet Bath and Nursery.

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SACK SUITS at \$18.00 \$20.00 \$22.50

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This Offer is for Cash Only!

Our name is sufficient guarantee for good workmanship.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.

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OUR NEW WORKS AT KALIHI being completed we are now ready to furnish all kinds of

Artificial Fertilizers.

ALSO CONSTANTLY ON HAND,
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ALL GOODS ARE GUARANTEED IN EVERY RESPECT.

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PACIFIC GUANO AND FERTILIZER COMPANY.
DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager.

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MANILA CIGARS.

A Large Invoice,

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MOST RELIABLE FACTORIES.

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TOBACCONISTS.

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Are fast to receipt of Large Importations by their iron barks "Paul Isenberg" and "J. C. Pfluger" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America consisting of a

Large and Complete Assortment OF DRY GOODS

SUCH AS
Prints, Gingham, Cottons, Sheetings,
Denims, Tickings, Regatta Drills,
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A Fine Selection of DRESS GOODS, ZEPHYRS, ETC.,

In the Latest Styles
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A Full Assortment.
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A Large Variety of Saddles,

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reclining & Seiler Pianos, Iron Bedsteads, etc., etc.
American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Caustic Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages, Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing Slates, Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease, Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron, best and best; Galvanized Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails, 18 and 20; Railroad Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates, Railroad Steel Sleepers, Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks.

ALSO
HAWAIIAN SUGAR AND RICE,
Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Marchant's and El Dorado Flour, Salmon, Corned Beef, etc.

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BREEDER OF FINE HORSES AND CATTLE

From the Thoroughbred
Standard-bred Stallion Nutwood, by Nutwood Jr.
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Also a Choice Lot of BULLS, COWS AND CALVES

From the Celebrated Bulls
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A Lot of Fine Saddle and Carriage Horses FOR SALE.

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Tourists and Excursion Parties desiring Single, Double or Four-in-Hand Teams or Saddle Horses can be accommodated at W. H. Rice's Livery Stables.

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COPPERPLATE PRINTING
AT GAZETTE OFFICE.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.
ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1895.

SAN FRANCISCO is making a hard fight to obtain the Republican National Convention, and political leaders of the West are inclined to harbor fond hopes of success, having practically obtained the support of Tom Reed's political manager, Joe Manley. The crafty politician from Maine evidently realizes that the popularity of his candidate increases in proportion to the distance from home. The people of this country will be pleased to see either of the conventions held in California, whoever the candidates may be. There are a great many politicians in the United States who can profit by a trip across their own country.

The following from the Washington Star presents very clearly the claims for the precedence of Hawaiian annexationists over those of the Cubans:

The friends of those islands sympathize with the friends of freedom in Cuba and wish success to their cause. But as Hawaii has prepared for annexation and is ready and anxious for it, she should not, it is contended, be kept unnecessarily waiting or have her interests bracketed with other interests. In language, in destiny, in aspiration, she is American, her friends assert, and wants the stars and stripes to wave over her domain.

The people of this country have done what remains for the Cubans to do. We have established American institutions and passed through the preparatory stage which gives strength to our plea for statehood. The friends of Cuba must put a Spanish colony against one thoroughly American. While we shall be pleased to see the patriotic Cubans go into the American Union, if justice is done the people of this country they will undoubtedly be given the precedence which they hold to be their right.

MEXICO'S EXAMPLE.

The San Francisco Chronicle, in a recent issue, alludes to the prosperity of Mexico where the silver standard prevails. It says it is "the fact that the chief cause of the rejuvenation of Mexico is her abandonment of the idea of attempting to get rich by external trade, and instead devoting herself to supplying her own wants."

Statements like the above confuse the average reader and prevent him from ever acquiring a correct knowledge of political economy. Is not this statement a close argument for the Chinese system? Are they not a people who openly declare that they do not wish to get rich by external trade? Are they not, too, on a silver basis, just as Japan is? Are the Chinese dreadfully prosperous? They utterly reject the gold standard. But then, are the Mexicans prosperous? Anyone who has carefully read the trade journals of the Eastern States for the last few years knows that the great complaint of the American merchants is that the Mexicans have few wants, need little clothing, and are so poor that they purchase little. The expectation of a great mercantile boom is over, and the trade with that country is insignificant.

It is pretty well understood that if the great commercial countries should all together adopt the silver standard there would be a general rise in prices all around. But so long as the gold standard is the standard of the money centres, the workmen of silver countries must suffer. The German workman is paid in gold, the Japanese workman is paid in silver, or one-half the gold value. Which is the sufferer? The Japanese farmer gets \$6 a month in silver in Japan. The same man gets \$12 per month in gold in Hawaii, or \$24 if converted into Japanese silver. Which is the sufferer? If the United States takes the Chronicle's advice they should cut off all foreign commerce, and the Coast should stop selling flour to the Asiatics. Will it pay?

THE OPPOSITION DYSPEPTIC.

One of the writers of the Opposition press in the course of remarks presumably intended for their "influence abroad," says that the country is "bankrupt officially and privately." Of course any Government is subject to more or less criticism from its enemies, but we can't see why these people should always judge others by themselves. This, however, is one of the peculiarities of the attacks upon the present Government. Immediately one of the powers of the Opposition begins to get short in pocket change and feels at odds with the world generally, he becomes enthused with the idea that the Government is to be blamed for his unfortunate condition, and forthwith launches forth on a wild tour through the Government departments, spilling red ink on every official that happens to attract his thought for the time being. All this is dished up into one shape and another and presented to the public as "honest criticism."

Those conversant with the situation realize that this is simply a form of political dyspepsia augmented by a leaning toward private bankruptcy. The disgruntled dyspeptic feels a knowing in his own stomach and is decidedly put out because there are others who are not suffering from the same malady. He hates the sight of the wholesome political food of the Republic and, as is usual in such cases, misery loves company. Rather than put his shoulder to the wheel and assist in solving the problems which have to be faced, he finds the comfort of a lazy man who doesn't want to work, in making faces and setting up a calamity howl. He doesn't believe Minister Castle ought to go to Washington simply because he would like to see President Cleveland take offense at tardy action in appointing Mr. Thurston's successor; he doesn't want Minister Smith to take a vacation in studying New Zealand land laws because he would like to see Mr. Smith worked to death, and the land laws as much out of joint as possible; he declares that Minister Damon's financiering is rotten, because Hawaiian bonds are selling above par in London and very few people in the United States or England see any reason for the violent attacks of political dyspepsia from which our friend the Oppositionist suffers.

There is a cure for all these dyspeptic and financial woes which rankle within his soul, but he won't accept it. He might co-operate with the Government officers and assist by honest thought and action in dealing with the vital problems of the present day. But he won't. He might play the part of an honest politician. But he won't. He might take plenty of healthy political exercise. But he won't. Political misery and financial gloom he is determined to seek and as this is a free country he will probably continue to revel in it. He may find a baker's dozen willing to be inoculated with the same chronic disease, but he enlists few with average common sense.

HIS DYSPEPSIA INCURABLE.

As might be expected, the political dyspeptic of the Opposition makes haste to proclaim his freedom from disease. He boldly asserts that the black specks that result of his disarranged organism, but are actually tangible objects that positively do exist in the political atmosphere, and furthermore he proclaims all men as barometers who have the temerity to say that he doesn't know what he is talking about.

Arguing with him puts one on the same plane as the maiden lady on the uselessness of buying gold in Hawaii, or \$24 if converted into Japanese silver. Which is the sufferer? Our dyspeptic individual, however, could learn better ways if he would. But he won't. He shuts one eye so that he sees all the way from one to three of his friends who are afflicted with the same malady, and asserts that "we

are the people," after the style of the Tooley street tailors. He doesn't care for honest government; he doesn't care for purity in politics; he doesn't care for anything so long as he gets a chance to play his hand organ dirge to the taxpayers and succeeds in making a few others feel as politically miserable as he is himself. The first measure of his tune starts in with spite and ends with deception; the second is the same and so on to the finale. When he completes his piece he takes a long breath and plays the same thing over again. Of course he attracts attention—every hand organ does—and the only problem that faces the public is how long they will listen to his iniquitous music before declaring it a public nuisance.

ELEVATING INFERIOR RACES.

A number of British scientists gave voice to opinions at a recent meeting of the British Royal Association for the Advancement of Science, which indicate an almost revolutionary change of opinion concerning the efforts of civilized people to raise the inferior races to their own level. Prof. F. Petrie, who was perhaps the most radical in his views, held that all attempts to impose our own standards on inferior races have been absolutely fatal to them. They absorb the vices rather than the virtues of civilization, and both moral and physical decay inevitably follow. Only scientists were allowed to enter the discussion which was supposed to be confined to a purely scientific basis.

There was, however, an occasional digression with more or less reflection on the work of missionaries in the semi-civilized countries. Dr. Cuthbert thought the missionaries did wrong by their endeavors to make semi-barbarians put on more clothes and dictate to the natives of India as to their marriage customs and general modes of life. He held that the alphabet, cotton clothes and the English divorce court have not proven salutary civilizing influences. Professor P. Haddon said: "Englishmen do not, theoretically, wish to exterminate native races, but, as a matter of fact, they do so, and what has happened in Tasmania, where not a single native survives, is likely to happen in the islands of the South Seas."

If these men had held to their scientific text there probably would have been little cause for discussion from those outside their technical circle, but their deviation and general attack on the advance of what have been looked upon as civilizing forces puts them in a rather ludicrous position. Professor Petrie says that "no change is legitimate except what flows from conviction and natural growth of mind," and yet he and his brother scientists throw stones at the very influence which will direct the natural growth of mind into proper channels. In their eyes a polygamous, man-eating African tribe converted to a semblance of Christianity, is a distinct loss to science, consequently in true theoretical style they cry down their own civilization and drag in the missionary to bear a good share of their woes. "When, however, these rummagers among the graveyards of kings insist that new life from within, not sheer imitation and artificial restraints, is what is needed, their criticism seems to be judicious, and instead of implying any disparagement of the work of Christian missions, it is quite the reverse."

The Westminster Gazette denies that the Marquis of Salisbury has in his mind a scheme to enlist European powers in a joint refusal to accept the Monroe Doctrine. The Gazette says: "The Monroe Doctrine is a matter entirely between the old country and the United States, and if the time ever comes for Great Britain to take sides on the subject we shall stand with Americans, not against them."

Daily Advertiser 75 cents a month. Delivered by carrier.

THE VENEZUELAN AFFAIR.

The Venezuelan dispute, which holds a steadily increasing prominence in the diplomatic circles of the American continents and England, continues to be clouded with a great many possibilities and newspaper conjectures that will be solved only when Lord Salisbury's latest communication to the Venezuelan authorities is made public. That this document is couched in forcible language and demands proper reparation for the arrest and detention of British police at Uruana there seems to be no question, but whether it goes farther, as is suggested by many European and American newspapers, and calls for a settlement of the boundary dispute on England's terms remains to be seen. While the press of London is united in poking fun at the Monroe Doctrine, it is recognized that the possible interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine by Secretary Olney is by far the most serious item of the whole affair. Should the British Government repeat the Corinto affair and endeavor to frighten the Venezuelans into submission by landing troops ostensibly to obtain indemnity money, the United States, following the precedent made by the present Administration, would undoubtedly keep out of the fight. If, however, an open fight for territory is to be made, the opposition of the United States will probably loom up in no indefinite form.

The London Times is prompt to come forward with the statement that the Americans have been too previous in their interpretation of Lord Salisbury's so-called ultimatum. It says that the tenor of the letter was not "such as to raise the question which a portion of the American press seems so anxious to discuss. The claim that the right bank of the Cuyani river belongs to them does not justify the Venezuelans in an attack upon the British police. Until the violent act is atoned for and an ample apology is made they are in a position of having suddenly removed the dispute from the sphere of diplomacy and challenged its settlement by force. Whether they count upon enjoying immunity on account of the distance to the scene of action from England, like other weak states, they presume upon their insignificance to do things no great power would attempt. It is time the Caracas politicians were taught a salutary lesson."

The Daily News (Liberal) handles the subject gingerly and remarks that Great Britain will have to "consider public sentiment in the United States," and set an example of "moderation and self-control." This conservative vein running through the usual national bluster indicates that even Joseph Chamberlain and Lord Salisbury will go around many diplomatic corners in order to avoid the possible results of a practical interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine. Meanwhile, Venezuela awaits developments and shows no signs of being frightened by bull-dozing.

A RECENT London dispatch to the New York Herald says that France is practically out of the sugar market, exporting little or no sugar—due, it is said, to a "corner" in beet sugar. The absence of the French product has had a sympathetic action on the markets, and was a factor in raising the price to 11s. per hundredweight, an advance of 1s. 6d. within a few weeks. A larger "corner" than that of the French syndicate was, it is supposed, recently attempted. A great insurance company of London was approached with a proposition that it insure sugar in different parts of the world to the value of £1,000,000. This company canvassed other companies with a view to getting them to cover part of the risk. Inquiries, however, rendered doubtful what quantities of sugar had been actually purchased, and a question arose as to whether speculators meant to operate on this insurance. The proposal, therefore, fell through, but it caused much talk in the sugar market. The large purchases of sugar for American

account proceed in London and Greenock. Private advices support Giesicker's estimate of the deficit in the beet root crop. In addition to the shortness of the beet crop anxiety is caused by the crop in Cuba. Though it is reported to be large, it is doubtful if it will be reaped, owing to the disturbances on the island. American refiners will therefore be obliged to complete their purchases in Europe.

WHATEVER fears the cholera scare may have given friends in the States and tourists who have stricken Hawaii from their itinerary, it is certain that the success of the efforts to stamp out the disease will tend to inspire confidence in the hearts of the timid and lead to the resumption of tourist travel in this direction. Honolulu is once more a clean port and a more thoroughly cleansed city will be hard to find on the face of the globe. Furthermore the experience of the few weeks during which the epidemic held sway, though dearly bought, has put this country on its guard as never before, and the possibilities of the reappearance of the disease are reduced to a minimum.

OUR correspondent's statement of the feeling existing on the island of Kauai concerning the inter-island service certainly demands more than passing attention from the business men of this island. The time is coming when the people of this country will be obliged to come to the system of "large sales and small profits" in order to compete successfully with the growing tendency of outside districts to deal directly with business houses of San Francisco. Our inter-island service is good, but our island friends are unmistakably convinced that it might be better, and they are inclined to turn their patronage in a direction to force the issue.

Distinguished Visitors.

There's a genial chap registered at the Hawaiian who can tell you as much about the Skibeloffs, the Imsekoffs and all the other "koffs" and "vitches" of Russia as if he had lived on black bread and snowballs all his life. His name is Henry W. Grantley, formerly of Missouri, where they used round up the inhabitants twice a year to shoe them, and during the rebellion an officer in the Confederate army. For some years past Mr. Grantley has been connected with the Russian Government in the consular service, and is now on his way to the land of the Celestials as Chancellor of the Russian Legation at Peking. With him are Vladimir Romanoff, Colonel of the Imperial Army, Russia; C. Konigsberger, Conseiller de Commerce, St. Petersburg, and son, Edgar Konigsberger; D. D. Pokotilow, Russian Consul-General at Shanghai, and Ad. Werth, under secretary of Russian embassy at Peking.

These distinguished visitors were all guests at the hotel last night. They will proceed on their journey by the China today. Mr. Grantley speaks in the highest terms of Honolulu and the hospitality of the people he met during his short stay.

With two little children subject to croup we do not rest easy without a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house, for the most severe attack quickly succumb to a few doses of it.—Morrison (Colo.), Bud. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by all dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co., agents for H. I.

NOTICE

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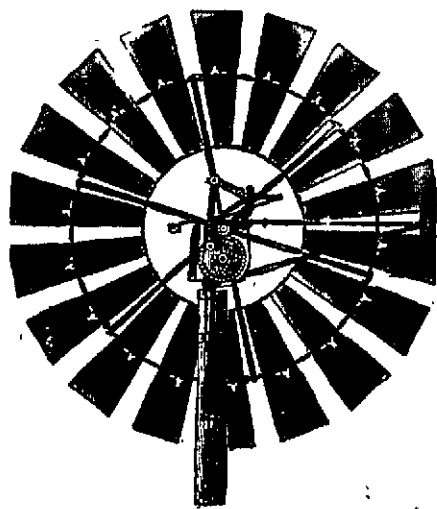
J. A. FOLGER & CO., Proprietors.

Timely Topics

THE AERMOTOR

— AND —

Steel Tower.



As pumping is one of the most common uses to which wind motors are put, the method of communicating motion to the pump is very important and has received our closest attention, and the defect created in most wind mills of racking themselves to pieces in a severe wind has been obviated in the Aermotor by means of back gearing, so that the wheel makes about three turns to one stroke of the pump or enough so that the wheel may run at its natural speed, unrestrained in any moderate wind, without doing violence to the pump or its connections. This enables us to give the pump a long stroke instead of the quick, jerky, short strokes of ordinary wind mills. This means that the valves are not worked so harshly in opening and closing and that the wear and tear is greatly diminished, while the piston rod speed is increased, and consequently the pumping capacity is increased. The back gearing, together with the extra holes for crank pins in the crank wheel also makes it possible to use with the Aermotor any ordinary size of pump cylinder. If a wind motor is not sensitive to the direction of the wind much of its efficiency is lost.

The ease with which a wind mill faces up to the wind depends on weight of the mill—the kind and condition of the bearings on which it pivots and the comparative leverage of wheel and tail. In the matter of leverage, the advantage enjoyed by the Aermotor over common wind mills will be made apparent by the fact that the center of the wheel is only twelve inches from the mast or center on which it turns while that of the best known wheel is thirty inches, requiring as is easily seen two and one-half times as long or large a tail to balance the same sized wheel. The Aermotor presents one half the surface to the wind; it is apparent that this other wheel must have five times the tail surface to make it face the wind equally well thereby greatly increasing the liability to wreck in a storm. The mere fact that we have placed 150 more Aermotors on the islands is sufficient guarantee of their superiority and desirability by those who want a motor that looks after itself.

THE . . .

Hawaiian Hardware

COMPANY, L'D.,

Opposite Spreckels' Bank.

307 FORT STREET.

MR. YATMAN A SPEAKER.

Fine Meeting at the Hall Last Night

A REVIVALIST WHO REVIVES

A Small Audience but a Good Talk. The Duty of a Christian Work Needed Here—Arrangements for the Week—Active Work in View

The Y M C A hall was not as well filled Friday p.m. as it was expected, probably because his advent here was unexpected to the majority of the church people but the few who were there heard words that went direct to their hearts, for Mr. Yatman is a forcible speaker.

The services opened with the singing of a hymn and Mr. Lowrey asked the blessing of God upon the gathering and that benignant good might come from the visit of the revivalist. At the close of the prayer Mr. Lowrey spoke of the agreeable surprise and pleasure he felt at having Mr. Yatman here, and gave his reasons for the smallness of the meeting. He felt certain that during the coming week the numbers would be largely increased. After song service and worship, Mr. Yatman said: By a special Providence the bible had been divided long years ago so that every one, be he rich or poor Christian or Jew could get it. Like bread upon the table it was broken into fragments so that every one could get them and for their eternal good.

In speaking of revivals he said that "a successful revival is not alone in numbers nor in the people but in God; revivals are not always known by numbers. He remembered a revival meeting where 250 of the people present professed conversion to God, their hearts had been open to receive the word and great was the joy, loud were the hallelujahs in heaven at the result. The next meeting there was but one soul saved, one heart, that in the breast of David Livingston ready to receive Christ and to believe in His word, but the joy was not less or the hallelujahs fewer. Superficially it might be said that the first meeting was the most successful. But it was not so in the eyes of God. In His eyes it is the quality of the religion, not the quantity. You know and I know and every one knows how apt people are to get converted to the pastor, not to Christ, and when it happens that the pastor leaves they find their hearts free from religion such as God asks. The preacher has gone and their religion went with him. They become converted to a church, to a creed, or to a preacher—not to God. Their hearts must be Christians to God before they can be Christians that's what religion is for. Their hearts must be touched, that is what is needed in Honolulu.

It is necessary that sin should be shut out from our sight; it is told us in the bible that the wages of sin is death and the wages have never been cut down. Sometimes people say that men are hardened, that they are beyond the reach of the voice of God. It's a mistake! They are never so, it takes work, hard work to reach them sometimes, but that's what we are here for, to work for Christ, to teach the ignorant to make the unbeliever believe, to bring him to a realization of what God demands of us that we may have everlasting life.

The divine laws must be observed the penalty for breaking them is even greater than for breaking any of the hygienic laws. An infraction of any of the latter may result seriously except in instances of sudden death. The laws must be kept. And these laws are for us all alike—the pagan and the Christian—there is no difference. God's law is one. Here in Honolulu you have all classes, and God's law covers all, for each possesses a human soul, and if one of those souls goes astray we are responsible to God. It must not be, it shall not be, so long as we can check it. But we must work, only work. The highest test of a Christian is to Christ, which means willing-ness and desire to save that which has been temporarily lost to God. If we have not the spirit of Christ we are not one of His. It is Christ's privilege to save souls. We must get others to work with us and with them do our best to save others. My friends we are all traveling towards the cemetery, when the end comes shall it not be said that we did our best to save a

soul from sin? May God be with us this night. May He revive your hearts to Him.

It was announced at the meeting last night that there will be a meeting on Sunday at 3 o'clock and the usual services at 6:30. On Monday Tuesday Thursday and Friday there will be meetings at 7:30 p.m. and on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday and Friday between 1 and 3 o'clock each day.

Bicycle Accident.

An unfortunate accident occurred to four bicyclists in front of Samuel Parker's home on King street shortly after 4 p.m. yesterday. Edwin Paris, George Angus and the Giles brothers were coming along at a pretty speedy rate, pacing each other. The front wheel of the younger Giles' bicycle struck the hind wheel of Angus' bicycle. The former was sent sprawling into the dust. Henry Giles ran over his brother's neck and then fell in a heap himself. Edwin Paris followed suit after running over both the Giles boys. All three were scratched pretty badly but nothing serious resulted. The Stearns wheels which the three bicyclists rode were bent but not broken. There is talk of postponing the road race for one week on account of the accident.

TALK OF ANNEXATION.

Chicago Clubmen Talk of Proposed Territorial Extension.

The Claims of Cuba, Hawaii, Canada and Mexico All Under Consideration.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—"Shall the United States annex Cuba?" This was the real question earnestly discussed last night at the quarterly meeting and dinner of the Union League Club, under the formally announced subject: "Shall the Policy of the United States be to Extend Its Dominion?"

The selected speakers were Azel F. Hatch in the affirmative, Congressman Edward D. Cooke in the negative, Harry Rubens in the affirmative and William E. Mason in the negative. The discussion took a wide range and the desirability of absorbing Canada, Mexico and Hawaii was discussed, but the matter dwelt on the most earnestly was the annexation of Cuba, which was interestingly and learnedly handled by some of the speakers. Mr. Hatch was in favor of annexation in order that the market might be enlarged. If Hawaii wanted to raise the flag the country ought to take advantage of it. The Nicaragua canal should be aided and the United States should become the envy of the world.

Mr. Cooke, on the other hand, spoke of the "lust for territorial gain" and called it "a colossal crime." Social and political reform he thought, should engage the attention of Americans. He took up Canada, Mexico, Hawaii and Cuba, and to the question, "Shall They be Annexed?" he returned an emphatic "No." They should be aided in maintaining independent republican governments, he said, but not annexed. The meeting was largely attended by representative citizens.

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But a good ad's work is never done
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Send in your orders.

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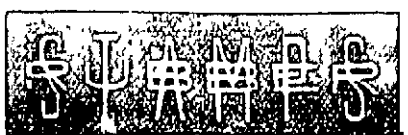
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You to go out in the street and stop every man and woman you meet and tell them what a fine and cheap set of goods you have just received.

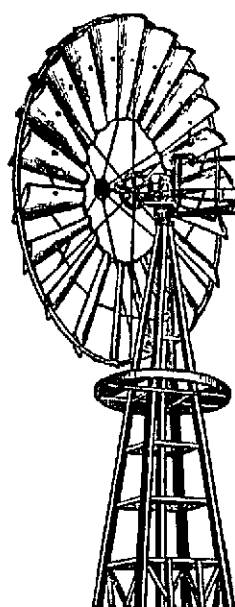
IT PAYS

BETTER

Let every man in the company stop them. The company's paper will do this for you.



AT GAZETTE OFFICE



PERKINS

PERKINS Steel Mill.

Simple, Strong, Efficient.

The Above Cut shows one of Perkins' Galvanized Steel Mills, mounted on a Galvanized Steel Tower.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING POINTS OF ADVANTAGE:

THE WHEEL.

obviates the bending and breaking of the ends of the sails, a serious objection to most steel mills. To make the sails still more rigid we connect each sail, near the middle of its length, with the sail on each side of it, by means of bolts. The sails are of best cold rolled steel, and are of such size as to give us more wind surface than is found in any other mill of which we have knowledge. The sails are set at just the right angle and curved to give the maximum power.

THE RUDDER.

warping or swaying around against the wheel.

THE REGULATION.

work and edgewise to the wind when at rest. The same long and short steel hinges are used to raise the rudder when mill is out of gear or at rest. This plan has proved so satisfactory that eleven companies have adopted it since our patents expired.

THE BEARINGS.

All the bearings of this mill are of liberal length and provided with our graphite bushings or self-lubricating box. These do not require oiling at all. In fact, we are now making mills with no oil holes in boxes.

THE OTHER PARTS.

We make this mill in two sizes, viz., with ten and twelve foot wind wheels.

THE TOWER.

The tower is made with four corner posts of angle steel, bands and braces of channel steel, all parts being fitted by template so that they fit exact, and all a workman needs to erect is a hammer, punch and wrench. The ladder is securely made and ready to bolt on tower. It is safe and far preferable to the short steps on corner posts used on most towers. The anchor post is five feet long, of good heavy angle steel, and a base eight to thirteen inches in diameter, according to the size of mill and height of tower, is cast on the end of same, serving the double purpose of a support under foot of tower and an anchor. Just at the top of ground we fasten a piece of 4x4 inch oak in angle of corner posts, letting it run down about two feet, to give it more size in the ground. The arrangement of the bands and braces is such that they support the corner posts at three different points, where other towers have but a single support, thus making our tower three times as secure against buckling in extremely strong winds. This plan was originated by us and is fully protected by patents.

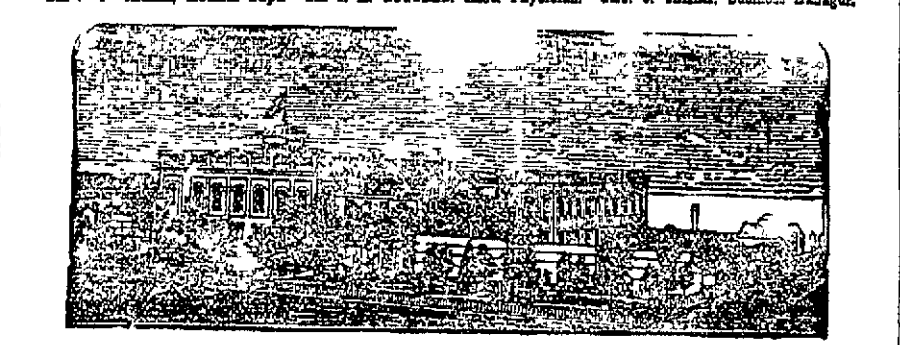
Gould's Windmill Pumps of all sizes are furnished with the above mills. We have Steel Windmills 8, 10 and 12 feet diameter, also Wood Mills of 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18 feet diameter. We will furnish catalogues and descriptive matter to any one desiring information.

E. O. HALL & SON,

Agents Perkins' Windmill Co. & Gould's Manufacturing Co.

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—UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF—
DR. F. P. CLARK, Medical Dept. DR. C. A. SUGGLES, Asst. Physician. GEO. C. CLARK, Business Manager.



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DR. L. C. LANE, San Francisco; DR. R. H. PROCTOR, San Francisco; DR. W. H. MAYS, S. F. ex-Supt. Ins. Asylum; DR. R. H. WOOLLEY, Supt. S. P. Co., and Oakland; DR. ROBT. A. McLEAN, San Francisco; Hospital; DR. I. S. TITUS, San Francisco; DR. W. H. THOMAS, San Jose; DR. G. A. SHUTLEWORTH, Supt. late Supt. State Insane Asylum. 1680-60

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Both of these Cameras can be loaded or film changed in daylight. We have on exhibition in our cameras taken with these cameras which are perfect in every detail.

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Lowest Market Prices

All Meats delivered from this market are Thoroughly Killed immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juicy properties and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat.

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H. J. NOLTE, - Prop.

Begs to announce to his friends and the public in general that he has opened the above saloon, where

FIRST-CLASS REFRESHMENTS

Will be served from 3 a. m. till 10 p. m., under the immediate supervision of a competent Chef de Cuisine.

THE FINEST GRADES OF

Tobaccos,
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Smokers' Sundries

Chosen by a personal selection from first-class manufacturing has been obtained and will be added to from time to time.

One of Brunswick & Balke's

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Connected with the establishment, where lovers of the cue can participate.

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HALL'S, London, E. C., Patent Carbonic and Hydride Refrigerating and Ice Making Machines, in use throughout Australia and New Zealand. By Hall's process cold-beer dealers, hotels, butchers and dealers in all kinds of perishable articles of food can have fitted small installation machines thoroughly effective, making their own ice at the same time as providing cold storage. No previous knowledge necessary. Any man or woman can run the machine. Hall's Patent Brine Cans, portable, may be used in cold storage chamber. See illustrated catalogue.

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P. S.—By the above-named process one to twenty tons of ice per day can be turned out at comparatively small cost.

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The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

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F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

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£11,671,018 2s. 2d.

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Subscribed Capital, £7,750,000

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Capital their reinsurance companies, 101,650,000

Total reichsmarks, 107,650,000

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OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichsmarks, 8,830,000

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The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss of damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

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C. S. HATFIELD, Secretary.

The Liverpool and London and Globe INSURANCE COMPANY.

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Net Income - - - 9,079,000

Claims Paid - - - 112,509,000

Takes Risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Machinery, Sugar Mills, Dwellings and Furniture on the most favorable terms.

BISHOP & CO.



What Our Neighbors Say.

The voluminous cook-books which prefer to tell us all a housekeeper ought to know, a little of the sandwich. In eight popular cook-books, aggregating four thousand and thirty-five pages, I find a grand total of four pages devoted to the sandwich. Our authorities, then, are the recipe corners of newspapers and housekeeping magazines, and our friends.

In Table Talk we learn that the original sandwich was an earl, who loved hunting and hated long dinners. So he invented a portable lunch and gave it his name. From that has come the evolution of our stand-by for picnics, luncheons and teas.

It is in Table Talk, too, that we learn a late fad—the nasturtium sandwich. In this, seeds and a leaf are used with a little salt to form the nucleus of the dainty. But the very latest up-to-date English sandwich is the little diamond or ribbon-tied cylinder of thinnest bread, spread with butter that has been scented by being smothered three or four hours in piles of new-cut grass, violets or roses. The aesthetic height of the possibility of the sandwich! But of the staple article, how many different kinds do we know? Five, ten, fifteen? Surely the cooks of the Hawaiian Islands should excel all others in giving variety to the sandwich! Suppose we undertake to compile five hundred formulae, each standing for a delicious mouthful.

For the differentiation of the sandwich I suggest the following materials:

- THE STAPLE, BREAD.**—White, Graham, black or rye, whole wheat, Boston brown bread; biscuits, rolls, scones; wafers, crackers, saltines; dry toast; gingerbread toasted and buttered.
- THE FILLING, meats.**—Ham, tongue, poultry, corned beef, veal, sausage, Hamburger steak (raw or cooked), kidneys, lamb, raw scraped beef (steamed, excellent for invalids and dyspeptics).
- Fish.**—Sardines, herring (smoked), cod fish (fried or baked), shrimp (chopped or in paste), codfish cakes, deviled or raw oysters, caviar, anchovy paste.
- Eggs.**—Plain boiled (chopped or grated), chopped with salad dressing, or mixed with poached ham; deviled, stuffed, curried; beaten raw, mixed with poached ham and mustard.
- Vegetables.**—Lettuce, tomato, water cress, celery, marinated, or in salad with meat or fish; with mayonnaise; alligator pear dressed as a salad.
- Cheese.**—Plain or browned on wafers; cream cheese with leaf of lettuce; creamed Parmesan cheese on buttered bread fingers.
- Chocolate.**—Grated or plain bread and butter or on raw-beef sandwiches (very nourishing).
- Fruits.**—Dried figs, dates and prunes (highly recommended for the lunch box by Mrs. Rorer).
- Jellies and Preserves.**—Of all kinds.
- Pickles.**—Cut in thin strips, covered with graham bread cut in finger lengths.
- THE SEASONING.**—Mustard, Worcestershire sauce, tomato ketchup, with beef; anchovy sauce, curry with lamb; celery, celery salt, mayonnaise, with chicken; mayonnaise with all vegetables and salads of meat and fish; lemon juice for sardines and fish and caviar; chopped onion or onion juice for caviar and any meats.
- And now we can say in parody:
Sandwich to right of them,
Sandwich to left of them,
Sandwich in mouth of them—
Fully five hundred!

A word as to style, a prime factor in the success of the sandwich. With the exception of boiled ham, chicken, turkey, sardines and raw oysters, the meats and fish should always be chopped or pounded, as they can thus be seasoned with more variety. The bread must be cut in thin, even slices, all the crust trimmed away, and the edges of the sandwich evened with a sharp knife. (Do not imagine that the crusts are wasted—they are a bonanza to the crumb jar.) The triangle and the long two-finger shape are popular forms. These artistic sandwiches must not lose their freshness. Therefore, if not for the lunch-box wrap them in oiled paper, if for my lady's tea, lay a dampened napkin over the plate of prettily piled sandwiches.

Besides the possibility of variety in sandwiches, I see the possibility of a career in sandwiches. A sandwich-depot downtown might not be a bad investment. Perhaps some artist in sandwiches might, through the Woman's Exchange, be always ready to fill large orders for parties, and find the work pleasant and profitable. At all events, our boys and girls can have dainty and wholesome sandwiches in their lunch-boxes.

But that's another story.

SVBL.

A MISTAKE IN THE DATE.

Lukela's Calendar Terribly Out of Whack.

Arrangement for New Order of Affairs. Everything But the Right Thing Ready—Strange Occurrence.

Lukela, the infallible prophet of Maui, can now lie down in peace at night for his latest prophecy, although a trifle tardy, has come to pass. It will be remembered that Lukela predicted dire calamity for the Government of Hawaii. The forerunner of this was to be the arrival by sea of a coffin containing the body of a native woman. She was to rise, proclaim her rights and through the assistance of the sun, stars and moon, representing respectively England, America and some other foreign power, presumably Japan, was to ascend to the throne of Hawaii. All this was set for the 7th day of October, 1895. That eventful time arrived but the coffin got sidetracked or stopped on the road for supplies. Lukela went through some incantations and an inspiration labeled "Fraud" came wafting in on the midnight breeze. The next number with 7 in it was 17. He told the natives that the powers had been pleased to prefix 1 to the original number and this, although a moment of time to them, was a space of ten days to human beings. It would not do for anyone to complain about the slight tardiness as the powers might become displeased.

The 17th arrived amidst the intense excitement of the natives but the coffin extraordinary was evidently awaiting the last act in the tragedy or had gone astray on some ocean current. Lukela scratched his head and the natives scratched theirs. Then the latter were in favor of administering to Lukela's head a more than ordinary scratching. Lukela rolled his eyes heavenwards, put on a wrapt expression and began a vigorous movement of the lips. It is said he kept this up for many days.

But he will be happier now. Early yesterday morning two natives who make their home in one of the small schooners anchored just off the old fish-market were awakened from a sound sleep by noises at intervals on the side of the vessel toward the sea. The men were very much frightened, as the sound had in it something of the uncanny. Quaking with fear, the two held council there in the dark with their blankets up over their faces as if in the act of warding off some impending evil. Each accused the other of being afraid. The noise was nothing to fear; after a moment of hesitation, the two made up between themselves to go above and find out the cause of the disturbance. But the wind howled as they reached the deck and the uncanny noise was redoubled in intensity. Auwe! cried both men, which expression, by the way, sums up in a native the fear of the mysteries of both life and death.

Mustering up courage, they crawled hand in hand to the side of the vessel. There in the water with outlines, but dimly visible, was a large coffin whose lid had become detached, and was hanging loosely in the water half-sustained by a single screw. The natives were immediately fascinated by the sight and, although most terribly frightened, were drawn toward the coffin by a power which any within them seemed inadequate to overcome. They crawled over the side of the vessel and drawing the coffin close up alongside secured it with a rope.

A blanket was thrown over it and the men crawled into the cockpit, away from everyone, so they could decide upon a plan of action. The prophecy of Lukela came to their minds, and they were soon satisfied that, while he might be a little off in his dates, the program was going to be carried out all right.

As they sat with their prize the thought occurred to them that it would be a good thing to select some offices in the new government that is to be, according to Lukela's prophecy. Before the thing was decided, one of the natives suggested that it might be a good thing to investigate further and see what was in the coffin. The result astonished them and knocked all their hopes into smithereens.

Instead of the woman they expected to find—their future sovereign—the box was empty. When they finished guessing the manner in which the coffin reached the bay, the theory that it was cast over from one of the China steamers had the most votes in the contest.

The Ambassador's Mishap.

News has been received that the British bark Ambassador, at Port Stanley, Falkland Islands, has been so badly damaged that she will not be able to proceed on her voyage to Honolulu, says the S. F. Examiner of October 17th. The captain has chartered the Foxglove and Bein to complete the trip.

The Ambassador was bound from Jacksonville for the Hawaiian Islands, but put into Stanley on June 30th. Her bulwarks were stove in, her topsides were leaky and her cargo had been damaged considerably by salt water. So much water had been absorbed by the cargo that thirty-five tons of the latter were jettisoned. The vessel struck lightly on the bar leaving Jacksonville, but no attention was paid to the circumstance. Afterward, when she encountered a storm, she behaved very badly, and it was evident that she was hurt worse than it was thought. A survey will be made on the vessel when she is discharged.

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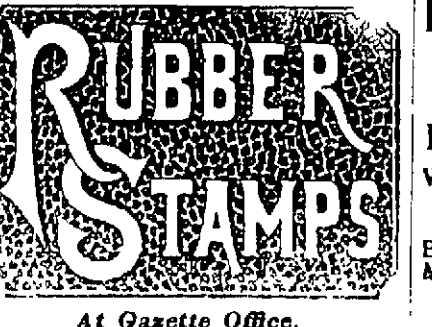
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